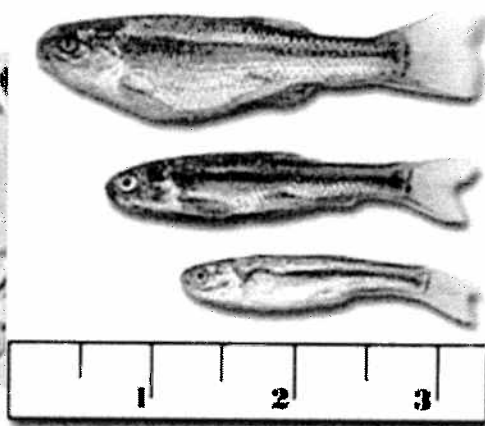
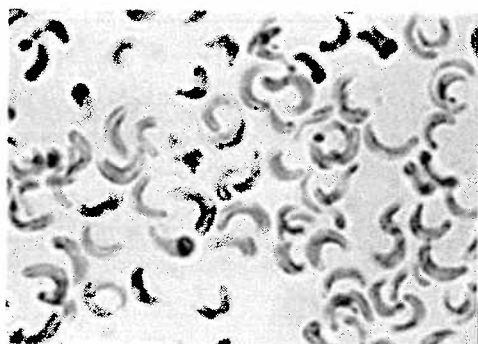


BIOMONITORING REPORT  
FOR  
CITY OF CALDWELL WWTP

LAB #1702794  
PERMIT # ID0021504



JANUARY 2017

PREPARED BY:

ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.  
1802 N. 33<sup>RD</sup> STREET  
BOISE, ID 83703  
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# SUMMARY OF ANALYSES CITY OF CALDWELL WWTP

JANUARY 2017

The results for the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* reproduction study:

NOEC:	N/A
LOEC:	N/A
IC25:	N/A
TUc:	N/A

\* Control replicates did not meet minimum reproduction acceptability criteria outlined in Test Design/Standard Conditions Method 1002.0, line 16, and therefore an additional test of Method 1002.0 must be scheduled.

The results for the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* survival study:

NOEC:	100%
LOEC:	>100%
IC25:	>100%
TUc:	1

No chronic toxicity was detected in EPA test method 1002.0 within the survival data.

## Introduction

Toxicity analysis consisting of chronic bioassay EPA Test Method 1002.0 was conducted on effluent samples collected by the City of Caldwell WWTP. Samples were collected January 24, January 26, and January 27, 2017, as 24-hour effluent composites. Once collected, samples were sent immediately to Analytical Laboratories, Inc. for analyses. Effluent composites were collected in one-gallon jugs for solution renewal water and in one liter cubitainers for water chemistries testing. Samples were chilled during transport by the addition of cold packs to the coolers. Method 1002.0, utilizing the freshwater flea *Ceriodaphnia dubia*, was conducted on January 24, 2017 and completed on January 31, 2017. Testing was conducted according to Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, Fourth Edition October 2002 EPA-821-R-02-013 and Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition.

## Methods and Materials

Test methods are designed to estimate and measure chronic toxicity of whole and partial effluents to the model freshwater aquatic organisms, freshwater flea *Ceriodaphnia dubia* in a 7-day static renewal test. Test water was collected as 24-hour effluent composites using mechanical sampling equipment. Samples were then transported to the laboratory for analyses. Effluent was used; whole or combined, with artificially prepared dilution water to prepare dilution series. Dilution water was prepared (20% v/v Perrier Mineral Water in deionized water) to produce a moderately hard dilution of control water. Water was prepared in bulk 24 hours prior to analyses and was aerated continuously to increase dissolved oxygen.

For Test Method 1002.0, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* neonates were produced in house from brood organisms that produce 8 or more young in their 3<sup>rd</sup> or subsequent broods. Brood animals are fed daily and transferred to new culture media at a minimum of 3 times a week. Survival and reproduction records are maintained to ensure healthy test organisms. Original mass cultures of organisms were started from brood organisms obtained from Aquatic Biosystems in Fort Collins, Colorado. Neonates less than 24 hours old were selected randomly from a known parentage, inspected, and arranged in five sample dilutions and a control with ten replicates to each. Analyses at a static renewal were performed over the next seven consecutive days. Data obtained was used to determine NOEC, LOEC, IC<sub>25</sub> and TU<sub>C</sub> for survival and reproduction (see Appendix I - Definition of Terms).

Test Design/Standard Conditions Method 1002.0

1. Test Type - static renewal (daily)  
Collection #1 – Renewal Day 1 and 2 – January 24, 2017  
Collection #2 – Renewal Day 3 and 4 – January 26, 2017  
Collection #3 – Renewal Day 5 and 6 – January 27, 2017  
Day 7 – Final counts and statistical review
2. Temperature - 25 +/- 1 degree Celsius.
3. Light Quality - Environmental Chamber Fisher/11-67966
4. Light Intensity - Incubation chamber (as above)
5. Photoperiod - 16 hours light; 8 hours dark
6. Test Chamber - 30 ml anchor-hocking
7. Renewal - All dilutions daily
8. Age - Neonates/less than 24 hours
9. Organisms per chamber - One
10. Replicates - Ten chambers/control and each dilution
11. Feeding - 0.1 ml YTC; 0.1 ml *Selenastrum capricornutum*  
suspension - once daily
12. Dilution water - 20% v/v Perrier Mineral Water in deionized water
13. Concentrations used - 100%, 69.5%, 39%, 19.5%, 9.75 % and Control
14. Duration - Seven days
15. Endpoint - Survival/reproduction
16. Acceptability - 80% or greater of control survival / 60% of control produce  
3<sup>rd</sup> brood / Average of 15 young/surviving female
17. Source of organisms - In house

### Interpretation - Statistical Review

Statistical endpoint of data from Method 1002.0 was determined by the use of WET Analysis Spreadsheet v1.6.1. The EPA uses this spreadsheet to analyze valid WET test data to obtain acute and chronic test endpoints identified in EPA's WET test methods under the NPDES program. The test analyses performed by this statistical software compare the raw data of test and control concentrations and determine if there are any statistically significant differences. The software infers normality and variance from the raw data, and chooses the appropriate analytical methodology. This minimizes the effect that extraneous circumstances may have on the NOEC, LOEC, and IC25. TUc (Chronic Toxicity Units) values are calculated by the following formulas:

For survival endpoints:  $100/\text{NOEC}$

For all other test endpoints:  $100/\text{IC25}$

### Results - Method 1002.0

During EPA Method 1002.0, survival and reproduction test using *Ceriodaphnia dubia*, survival and reproduction values from specific dilutions of collected effluent are measured and compared to values obtained from control individuals.

Analyses of data for EPA method 1002.0 *Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival test indicated no chronic toxicity at any concentration. However, control replicates did not meet minimum reproduction acceptability criteria outlined in Test Design/Standard Conditions Method 1002.0, line 16, and therefore an additional test of Method 1002.0 must be scheduled.

### Endpoints Determined - Method 1002.0

		<u>NOEC</u>	<u>LOEC</u>	<u>IC25</u>
<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	Survival	100%	>100%	>100%
	Reproduction	N/A	N/A	N/A

The mortality was less than twenty percent (<20%) in controls. However, an average of at least 15 young per surviving female within three broods was not established. Reproduction test was declared invalid.

## Test Quality Control

Quality control practices for effluent toxicity tests include certain precautions at each of the following steps:

1. Effluent sampling and handling. Sampling containers prepared as per section 7 of Methods for Measuring and Chronic Toxicity of Effluent to Freshwater and Marine Organisms were provided to client. Insulated transportation containers with cooling packs to chill samples were provided.
2. Condition of test organisms. Test organisms for Method 1000.0, and 1003.0 are purchased from Aquatic Biosystems, Inc. in Fort Collins, Colorado, a state and federally approved aquatic test organism supplier. Test organisms for Method 1002.0 were cultured in house.
3. Conditions of test equipment. All test equipment used is maintained according to manufacturer's specifications. Equipment such as balances, thermometers, etc. is calibrated annually by outside sources and certificates are maintained. All equipment maintenance and calibrations are recorded and archived.
4. Test conditions. Only test methods directly from EPA references or methodologies provided are used. Any deviations or alterations from these procedures are documented and approved prior to use.
5. Reference toxicants. Reference toxicants are used for Methods 1000.0, 1002.0 and 1003.0. Sodium chloride is made up in dilution control water at prescribed concentrations and is used to determine toxicity for each method. Reference toxicants are run once per month to ensure consistency in test methodology. Quality control data is provided and a graphical representation over time is attached.
6. Record Keeping. All raw data, data evaluation, and statistical analysis are included in report to client. Original hardcopies along with all test records are maintained at laboratory for client or future reference.

## LIST OF TABLES AND APPENDICES

Table I	-	<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Survival and Reproduction Summary Method 1002.0
Table II	-	<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Water Renewal Chemistries - Old pH and Dissolved Oxygen
Table III	-	Effluent Water Composites - Chemistries Summary
Appendix I	-	Definition of Terms
Appendix II	-	<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Raw Data
Appendix III	-	Effluent Samples Chain of Custodies & Chemistries Reports
Appendix IV	-	NPDES WETT Permit Requirements
Appendix V	-	Organisms - Transfer Sheets
Appendix VI	-	Literature Cited
Appendix VII	-	Reference Toxicants Data and Graphs

CITY OF CALDWELL WWTP

LAB ID # 1702794

JANUARY 2017

METHOD 1002.0

Concentration	Initial Count	48-hour Count	96-hour Count	Final Count	Percent Survival	Average Young/ Remaining Female
Control	10	10	10	10	100%	2.2
9.75%	10	10	10	8	80%	6.3
19.5%	10	10	10	9	90%	6.3
39%	10	8	8	8	80%	21.3
69.5%	10	10	10	9	90%	22.7
100%	10	10	10	10	100%	28.7

Table I: *Ceriodaphnia dubia* Survival And Reproduction Summary

Concentration Day	Control		9.75%		19.5%		39%		69.5%		100%	
	DO	pH	DO	pH	DO	pH	DO	pH	DO	pH	DO	pH
1	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.9	7.1	7.9	7.2	8.0	7.3	8.1	7.3	8.2
2	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.9	7.4	8.0	7.5	8.1	7.5	8.2	7.7	8.3
3	7.4	7.8	7.4	7.9	7.5	8.0	7.6	8.1	7.7	8.2	7.8	8.3
4	7.4	8.1	7.4	8.2	7.5	8.2	7.5	8.3	7.6	8.3	7.6	8.4
5	7.8	8.0	7.8	8.1	7.8	8.2	7.8	8.3	7.9	8.3	8.0	8.4
6	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.8	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.3
7	8.3	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.5	8.2	8.5	8.2	8.5	8.3

Table II: Water Chemistries, Daily Renewals – Old Water pH & Dissolved Oxygen Values



CITY OF CALDWELL WWTP  
 LAB ID # 1702794  
 JANUARY 2017

Concentration	CHLORINE RESIDUAL (mg/L)	ALKALINITY (mg/L)	CONDUCTIVITY (umhos)	HARDNESS (mg/L)	AMMONIA (mg/L)	pH S.U.
1/24/2017	<0.10	181	697	150	<0.04	7.4
1/26/2017	<0.10	189	724	155	0.53	7.3
1/27/2017	<0.10	179	767	157	0.89	7.4

Table III: Effluent Chemistries Summary

### Definition of Terms

1. Safe Concentration. The highest concentrations of toxicant that will permit normal propagation of fish and other aquatic life in receiving waters, biologically defined rather than statistically.
2. NOEC (No-Observed Effect Concentration) - The highest concentration of toxicant in which the values for the observed parameters (survival, growth, reproduction) in which there is no statistically significant difference from controls and no observable effect on organism behavior or health.
3. LOEC (Lowest-Observed Effect Concentration) - The lowest concentration of toxicant in which the values for the observed parameters (survival, growth, reproduction) do have a statistical significant difference from controls. At this concentration there is evidence of toxicity.
4. TUc (chronic toxicity units) –  
For survival endpoints: 100/NOEC  
For all other test endpoints: 100/IC25
5. IC25 (Inhibition concentration - 25%) – Concentration where at least 25% of the organisms have some statistically significant effect.

Taken from: Short-Term methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, Fourth Edition, October 2002. EPA-821-R-02-013.

BENCH SHEET FOR CERIODAPHNIA SURVIVAL/REPRODUCTION TEST. EPA Method 1002.0

LAB ID# 1702794

Analyst: WR/CP Final Report Review: SC

Discharged: Effluent

Test Start Date/Time: 1/24/17, 12:00

Description: City of Caldwell WWTP

Test Stop Date/Time: 1/31/17, 13:00

Temp Received: Day 1: 9.7°C Day 2: 6.3°C Day 3: 3.1

Renewal Lab Numbers: Day 0 & 1: 2794 Day 2 & 3: 3241 Day 4, 5 & 6: 3406

# Young New D.O. New pH Old D.O. Old pH Daily Temp

Conc Control

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.5	7.8	XXX	XXX	23.4
2-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.9	7.9	7.3	7.6	23.9
3-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.9	7.7	7.4	7.5	22.8
4-	✓	1/1	✓	1/1	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/5	1/6	13	7.8	7.9	7.4	7.8	23.3
5-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.8	8.0	7.4	8.1	22.2
6-	✓	✓	✓	2/2	✓	✓	✓	✓	2/5	2/1	8	8.0	7.9	7.8	8.0	22.9
7-	✓	✓	✓	1/1	✓	✓	✓	✓	2/5	2/1	8	8.3	7.9	7.8	7.7	22.8
Total	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	10	7	22			8.3	8.1	

# Young New D.O. New pH Old D.O. Old pH Daily Temp

Conc 9.75%

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.5	7.8	XXX	XXX	23.4
2-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.8	7.9	7.3	7.9	23.8
3-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.8	7.8	7.4	7.7	22.8
4-	✓	✓	✓	1/8	✓	✓	✓	1/6	1/6	1/5	25	7.9	7.8	7.4	7.9	23.1
5-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0	8.2	8.0	7.8	8.1	22.5
6-	✓	✓	D	✓	D	✓	✓	2/4	✓	2/16	20	8.3	8.0	7.8	7.9	22.8
7-	✓	1/1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3/4	5			8.1	8.0	
Total	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	10	6	25	50					

# Young New D.O. New pH Old D.O. Old pH Daily Temp

Conc 19.5%

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.7	7.8	XXX	XXX	23.5
2-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.0	7.8	7.1	7.9	23.6
3-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.0	7.8	7.4	8.0	23.0
4-	✓	✓	1/2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/8	10	8.0	7.8	7.5	8.0	23.1
5-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/2	✓	2	8.3	7.8	7.8	8.2	22.5
6-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/2	2/7	2/11	30	8.3	7.9	7.8	8.0	22.7
7-	✓	✓	✓	1/1	✓	✓	✓	2/14	✓	✓	15			8.3	8.1	
Total	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	26	9	19	57					

BENCH SHEET FOR CERIODAPHNIA SURVIVAL/REPRODUCTION TEST. EPA Method 1002.0

LAB ID# 1702794

Analyst: WR/CP

Final Report Review: SC

Discharged: Effluent

Test Start Date/Time: 1/24/17, 1200

Description: City of Caldwell WWTP

Test Stop Date/Time: 1/31/17, 1300

Temp Received: Day 1: 9.7°C Day 2: 6.3°C Day 3: 3.1°C

Renewal Lab Numbers: Day 0 & 1: 2794 Day 2 & 3: 3241 Day 4, 5 & 6: 3406

Conc 39%

# New New Old Daily  
Young D.O. pH D.O. Old pH Temp

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.7	XXX	XXX	23.6
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.4	7.8	7.2	8.0	23.8
2-	0	✓	✓	✓	↓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.2	7.6	7.5	8.1	23.0
3-	↓	✓	✓	✓	↓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.4	7.6	7.6	8.1	23.0
4-	↓	✓	✓	1/6	↓	✓	1/5	1/4	1/7	✓	22	8.3	7.6	7.5	8.3	23.0
5-	↓	✓	✓	✓	↓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/6	6	8.5	7.7	7.8	8.3	22.8
6-	↓	1/16	1/1	✓	↓	1/13	2/13	2/14	2/12	2/11	80	8.7	7.8	8.1	8.2	22.6
7-	↓	2/19	✓	2/3	↓	2/22	✓	3/18	✓	✓	62			8.5	8.2	
Total	0	35	1	9	0	35	18	36	19	17	170					

Conc 69%

# New New Old Daily  
Young D.O. pH D.O. Old pH Temp

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.5	7.6	XXX	XXX	23.6
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.9	7.7	7.3	8.1	23.7
2-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.6	7.6	7.5	8.2	23.0
3-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.8	7.5	7.7	8.2	23.1
4-	1/4	1/7	✓	1/4	1/6	1/5	✓	1/7	✓	✓	27	8.7	7.5	7.6	8.3	23.0
5-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/7	✓	1/5	1/2	14	8.9	7.6	7.9	8.3	22.9
6-	✓	2/12	1/7	2/16	2/10	2/12	✓	2/13	2/18	2/14	94 <sup>4</sup> 84	8.7	7.7	8.1	8.2	22.9
7-	2/4	3/22	✓	3/22	0	✓	2/13	3/18	✓	✓	79			8.5	8.2	
Total	8	41	9	42	0	17	20	38	13	16	204					

Conc 100%

# New New Old Daily  
Young D.O. pH D.O. Old pH Temp

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
0-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		9.2	7.6	XXX	XXX	23.8
1-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		9.1	7.6	7.3	8.2	23.5
2-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.8	7.5	7.7	8.3	23.9
3-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		9.1	7.4	7.8	8.3	23.4
4-	✓	✓	1/3	1/7	1/2	1/5	1/6	1/7	✓	✓	30	9.1	7.4	7.6	8.4	23.0
5-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/6	1/5	11	8.3	7.6	8.0	8.4	23.1
6-	1/10	1/7	2/14	2/10	2/13	2/14	2/13	2/13	2/12	2/10	116	8.7	7.7	8.1	8.3	23.1
7-	2/20	✓	3/16	3/21	3/18	3/17	3/19	3/19	✓	✓	130			8.5	8.3	
Total	30	7	33	38	33	36	38	39	18	15	281					

# Summary Sheet

**Facility** Analytical Laboratories      **Analyst** Will Reynolds  
**Test ID** 1702794 City of Caldwell WWTP      **Species** Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)  
**Date** 1/31/2017      **Test Type** Chronic Survival  
**IWC Conc.**

## Input

### Number of Organisms Exposed or Counted

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.0975</u>	<u>0.195</u>	<u>0.39</u>	<u>0.695</u>	<u>1</u>
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1

### Number of Organisms Surviving or Responding

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.0975</u>	<u>0.195</u>	<u>0.39</u>	<u>0.695</u>	<u>1</u>
1	1	1	1	0	1	1
2	1	1	0	1	1	1
3	1	0	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	0	1	0	0	1
6	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1

Total Organisms	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Responding	10	8	9	8	9	10
% Responding	100.0%	80.0%	90.0%	80.0%	90.0%	100.0%

## Output

# Summary Sheet

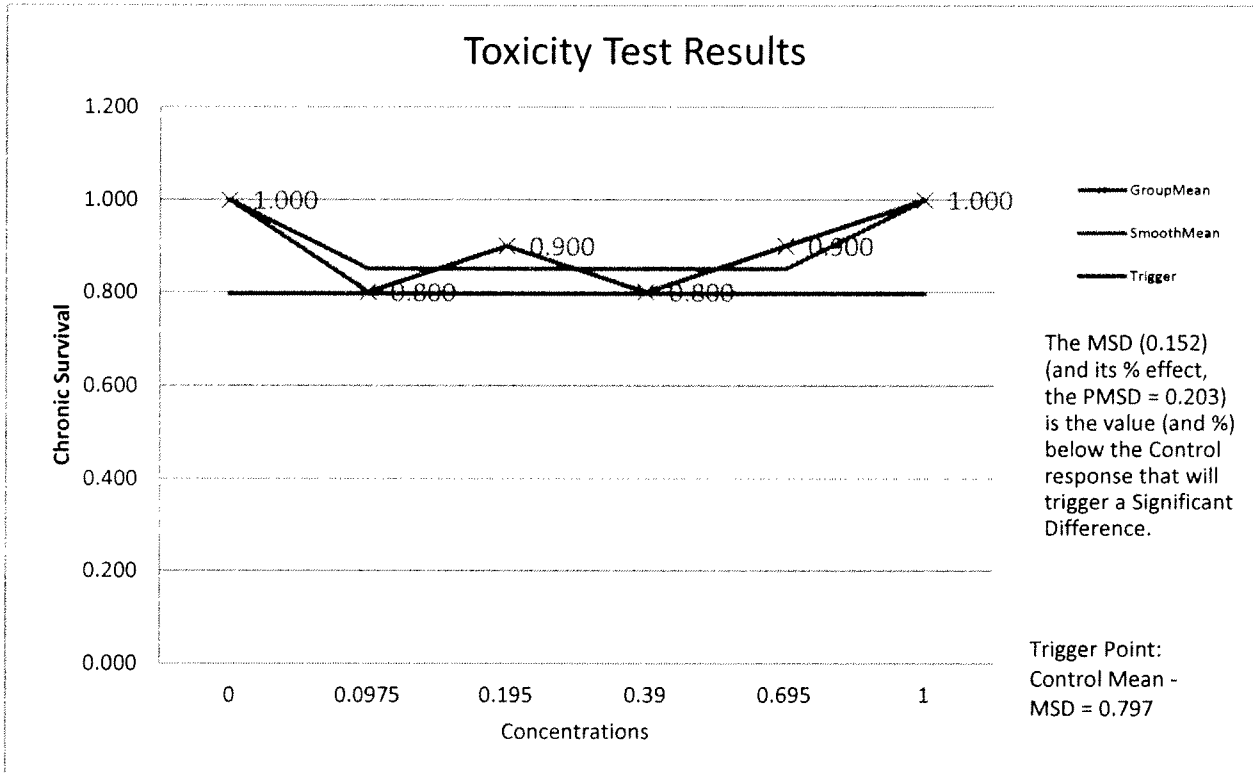
Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Steel test
	0	1.047	0.000	0.000	
Statistics are based on the transformed data used for endpoint calculations	0.0975	0.942	0.221	0.234	NS
	0.195	0.995	0.166	0.166	NS
	0.39	0.942	0.221	0.234	NS
	0.695	0.995	0.166	0.166	NS
	1	1.047	0.000	0.000	NS

NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
1	>1	>1	N/A	N/A

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC
-----	--------------------	---------------	--------------------------

MSD	PMSD
0.152	20.3%

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.



## NOTICE

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), through its Office of Wastewater Management, funded and managed the development of the whole effluent toxicity (WET) Tool described here. This is a tool that calculates WET test endpoints for the EPA-approved WET test methods and is used by EPA internally for analyzing valid WET test data. Neither the EPA nor any of their employees, assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information or process disclosed. Furthermore, the WET Tool is supplied "as-is" without guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose.



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Boise, Idaho 83703  
Phone (208) 342-5515

Date Report Printed: 2/20/2017 9:53:39 AM  
<http://www.analyticallaboratories.com>  
These test results relate only to the items tested.

## Laboratory Analysis Report

Sample Number: 1702794

**Attn:** SALVADOR ARREOLA  
CALDWELL WASTEWATER  
PO BOX 1179  
CALDWELL, ID 83607

**Collected By:** R. HAWKER  
**Submitted By:** W. REYNOLDS

**Source of Sample:**  
FE-C Biomonitoring Day 1

**Time of Collection:** 8:00  
**Date of Collection:** 1/24/2017  
**Date Received:** 1/24/2017  
**Report Date:** 2/7/2017

**PWS#:**

Field Temp: Temp Rcvd in Lab: 9.7 °C

**PWS Name:**

Test Requested	MCL	Analysis Result	Units	MDL	Method	Date Completed	Analyst
Ceriodaphnia dubia		*			EPA 1002.0	2/2/2017	WR
Ammonia Direct (as N)		<0.04	mg/L	0.04	EPA 350.1	1/27/2017	CJS
Alkalinity		181	mg/L		EPA 310.1	2/2/2017	CJS
Chlorine Residual, Cl2		<0.10	mg/L	0.10	EPA 330.5	1/24/2017	JMS
Conductivity		697	umhos	2	EPA 120.1	1/24/2017	JMS
Hardness		150	mg/L	5.0	SM 2340	2/2/2017	CJS
pH		7.4	S.U.		SM 4500-H B	1/24/2017	JMS

Thank you for choosing Analytical Laboratories for your testing needs.

If you have any questions about this report, or any future analytical needs, please contact your client manager:

James Hibbs

MCL = Maximum Contamination Level  
MDL = Method/Minimum Detection Limit  
UR = Unregulated







# Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

1804 N. 33rd Street  
Boise, Idaho 83703  
Phone (208) 342-5515

Date Report Printed: 2/7/2017 12:02:36 PM

<http://www.analyticallaboratories.com>

These test results relate only to the items tested.

## Laboratory Analysis Report

Sample Number: 1703241

**Attn:** SALVADOR ARREOLA  
CALDWELL WASTEWATER  
PO BOX 1179  
CALDWELL, ID 83607

**Collected By:** R HAWKER

**Submitted By:** C PATE

**Source of Sample:**

FE-C BIOMONITORING DAY 2

**Time of Collection:** 7:13  
**Date of Collection:** 1/26/2017  
**Date Received:** 1/26/2017  
**Report Date:** 2/7/2017

**PWS#:**

Field Temp:                      Temp Revd in Lab: 6.3 °C

**PWS Name:**

Test Requested	MCL	Analysis Result	Units	MDL	Method	Date Completed	Analyst
Ammonia Direct (as N)		0.53	mg/L	0.04	EPA 350.1	1/27/2017	CJS
Alkalinity		189	mg/L		EPA 310.1	2/2/2017	CJS
Chlorine Residual, Cl2		<0.10	mg/L	0.10	EPA 330.5	1/26/2017	RME
Conductivity		724	umhos	2	EPA 120.1	1/26/2017	RME
Hardness		155	mg/L	5.0	SM 2340	2/2/2017	CJS
pH		7.3	S.U.		SM 4500-H B	1/26/2017	RME

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If you have any questions about this report, or any future analytical needs, please contact your client manager:

James Hibbs

MCL = Maximum Contamination Level  
MDL = Method/Minimum Detection Limit  
UR = Unregulated

CLIENT CODE=

# CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

\*SPC

**CLIENT INFORMATION:**  
 Project Manager: SALLADON AREOLA  
 Company: CALDWELL  
 Address: 208 Jensen Ln  
 Phone: 455-3027  
 E-mail Address: CADWELL@83605

**PROJECT INFORMATION:**  
 Project Name:  
 PWS Number:  
 Purchase Order Number:  
 Required Due Date:  
 E-mail Address:

**ANALYTICAL LABS, INC.**  
 1804 N. 33rd Street • Boise, ID 83703  
 (208) 342-5515 • Fax: (208) 342-5591 • 1-800-574-5773  
 Website: www.analyticallaboratories.com  
 E-mail: ali@analyticallaboratories.com

TESTS REQUESTED

Lab ID	Date Sampled	Time Sampled	Sample Description (Source)	Sample Matrix	Remarks:
3238	1-20-17	0713	FAFC	WATER	Field temp. 6.3°C
3239	↓	0713	FE-C (3 Bottles)	↓	
3240	↓	0715	FE-G (3 Bottles) 13.7°C	↓	
3241	↓	0713	FE-C (3 Containers)	↓	
3242/3243	1-20-17	1625	BRV UP (3 Containers)	↓	
3243/3244	1-20-17	1625	BRV UP 2 on low/Hg	↓	

TESTS REQUESTED  
 BOD TSS  
 LV BOD  
 TSS  
 FE C  
 FE G  
 FE C  
 BRV UP  
 BRV UP

3241S: Hex Cr, Pb, die Cr, DISCU, dis Pb, DIS N, DISA DIS Zn, DIS AS, METALS, CHL

Invoice to: (if different than above address)

Special Instructions:  
 Additional tests from bottles - 274

ALLOCATIONS OF RISK: Analytical Laboratories, Inc. will perform preparation and testing services, obtain findings and prepare reports in accordance with Good Laboratory Practices (GLP). If, for any reason, Analytical Laboratories, Inc. errors in the conduct of a test or procedure, their liability shall be limited to the cost of the test or procedure completed in error. Under no circumstances will Analytical Laboratories, Inc. be liable for any other cost associated with obtaining a sample or use of data.

Note: Samples are discarded 21 days after results are reported. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.

Relinquished By: (Signature)	Print Name: <u>Roger Hawker</u>	Company: <u>CALD</u>	Date: <u>1-26-17</u>	Time: <u>1130</u>
Received By: (Signature)	Print Name: <u>Chris Pate</u>	Company: <u>A.L.I.</u>	Date: <u>1-26-17</u>	Time: <u>1345</u>
Relinquished By: (Signature)	Print Name: <u>Chris Pate</u>	Company: <u>A.L.I.</u>	Date: <u>1-26-17</u>	Time: <u>1345</u>
Received By: (Signature)	Print Name: <u>Emily Holm</u>	Company: <u>ALI</u>	Date: <u>1/26/17</u>	Time: <u>13:45</u>
SAMPLE RECEIPT			Total # of Containers: <u>36 SPC</u>	
			Intact: <u>Y</u> / <u>N</u> / <u>NA</u> Temperature Received: <u>6.3°C</u>	

WHILE STAYS WITH SAMPLE(S) YELLOW LAB  
 PINK SAMPLER

AP 2/1



# Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

1804 N. 33rd Street  
Boise, Idaho 83703  
Phone (208) 342-5515

Date Report Printed: 2/20/2017 9:53:39 AM  
<http://www.analyticallaboratories.com>  
These test results relate only to the items tested.

## Laboratory Analysis Report

Sample Number: 1703406

**Attn:** SALVADOR ARREOLA  
CALDWELL WASTEWATER  
PO BOX 1179  
CALDWELL, ID 83607

**Collected By:** D. CROSS  
**Submitted By:** S. CURTIS

**Source of Sample:**  
FE-C BIO MONITORING DAY 3

**Time of Collection:** 7:08  
**Date of Collection:** 1/27/2017  
**Date Received:** 1/27/2017  
**Report Date:** 2/7/2017

Field Temp: 2.8 °C      Temp Rcvd in Lab: 3.1 °C

**PWS#:**

**PWS Name:**

Test Requested	MCL	Analysis Result	Units	MDL	Method	Date Completed	Analyst
Ammonia Direct (as N)		0.89	mg/L	0.04	EPA 350.1	1/27/2017	CJS
Alkalinity		179	mg/L		EPA 310.1	2/2/2017	CJS
Chlorine Residual, Cl2		<0.10	mg/L	0.10	EPA 330.5	1/27/2017	NC
Conductivity		767	umhos	2	EPA 120.1	1/27/2017	NC
Hardness		157	mg/L	5.0	SM 2340	2/2/2017	CJS
pH		7.4	S.U.		SM 4500-H B	1/27/2017	NC

Thank you for choosing Analytical Laboratories for your testing needs.  
If you have any questions about this report, or any future analytical needs, please contact your client manager:

James Hibbs

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MDL = Method/Minimum Detection Limit  
UR = Unregulated



<b>Table 3: Total Phosphorus Interim Effluent Limits and Compliance Schedule Dates</b>		
6	January 31, 2024	Complete Bidding Deliverable: The permittee will provide DEQ and EPA with written notice that the Bid has been awarded.
7	April 30, 2024	Start Construction Deliverable: The permittee will provide DEQ and EPA with a copy of the Notice to Proceed with construction.
8	April 30, 2026	Complete Construction Deliverable: The permittee will provide DEQ and EPA with written notice that the construction is completed.
9	September 30, 2026	Process Optimization and Achieve Final Effluent Limitation Deliverable: The permittee must achieve compliance with the final effluent limitations and provide DEQ and EPA with written notice of compliance with final effluent limitations.
Notes:		
1. The annual average total phosphorus concentration and load must be calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured for total phosphorus during a calendar year, divided by the number of daily discharges measured for total phosphorus during that year.		
2. The annual average total phosphorus concentration and load must be reported on the December DMR.		

#### **D. Whole Effluent Toxicity Testing Requirements**

The permittee must conduct chronic toxicity tests on effluent samples from outfall 001. Testing must be conducted in accordance with subsections 1 through 7, below.

1. Toxicity testing must be conducted on 24-hour composite samples of effluent. In addition, a split of each sample collected must be analyzed for the chemical and physical parameters required in Part I.B, above, with a required effluent sampling frequency of once per month or more frequently, using the sample type required in Part I.B. For parameters for which grab samples are required in Part I.B, grab samples must be taken during the same 24-hour period as the 24-hour composite sample used for the toxicity tests. When the timing of sample collection coincides with that of the sampling required in Part I.B, analysis of the split sample will fulfill the requirements of Part I.B as well.
2. Chronic Test Species and Methods
  - a) For outfall 001, chronic tests must be conducted once per quarter. Quarters are defined as January – March, April through June, July – September, and October – December.
  - b) The permittee must conduct short-term tests with the water flea, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (survival and reproduction test), the fathead minnow, *Pimephales promelas* (larval survival and growth test), and a green alga, *Selenastrum capricornutum* (growth test) for the first three suites of tests. After this screening period, monitoring must be conducted using the most sensitive species, which is defined below.

- (i) The most sensitive species is the species which, during the screening period, produces the greatest maximum toxicity result in chronic toxic units ( $TU_c$ ), which is defined in Part I.D.2.d, below.
  - (ii) If all three species produce the identical maximum toxicity result (including no toxicity in 100% effluent) the permittee must use *Ceriodaphnia dubia* for subsequent tests.
  - (iii) If two species produce the identical maximum toxicity result, which is greater than 1.0  $TU_c$  and also greater than the maximum toxicity result of the third species, the permittee may use either of the two species producing the greater maximum toxicity result for subsequent tests.
- c) The presence of chronic toxicity must be determined as specified in *Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms*, Fourth Edition, EPA/821-R-02-013, October 2002.
- d) Results must be reported in  $TU_c$  (chronic toxic units), which is defined as follows:
- (i) For survival endpoints,  $TU_c = 100/NOEC$ .
  - (ii) For all other test endpoints,  $TU_c = 100/IC_{25}$ .
  - (iii)  $IC_{25}$  means “25% inhibition concentration.” The  $IC_{25}$  is a point estimate of the toxicant concentration, expressed in percent effluent, that causes a 25% reduction in a non-quantal biological measurement (e.g., reproduction or growth) calculated from a continuous model (e.g., Interpolation Method).
  - (iv)  $NOEC$  means “no observed effect concentration.” The  $NOEC$  is the highest concentration of toxicant, expressed in percent effluent, to which organisms are exposed in a chronic toxicity test [full life-cycle or partial life-cycle (short term) test], that causes no observable adverse effects on the test organisms (i.e., the highest concentration of effluent in which the values for the observed responses are not statistically significantly different from the controls).

### 3. Quality Assurance

- a) The toxicity testing on each organism must include a series of five test dilutions and a control. The dilution series must include the receiving water concentration (RWC), which is the dilution associated with the average monthly whole effluent toxicity limits, two dilutions above the RWC, and two dilutions below the RWC. The RWCs are:
  - (i) 62% effluent for April – June
  - (ii) 39% effluent for July – March
- b) All quality assurance criteria and statistical analyses used for chronic tests and reference toxicant tests must be in accordance with *Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to*

*Freshwater Organisms*, Fourth Edition, EPA/821-R-02-013, October 2002, and individual test protocols.

- c) In addition to those quality assurance measures specified in the methodology, the following quality assurance procedures must be followed:
  - (i) If organisms are not cultured in-house, concurrent testing with reference toxicants must be conducted. If organisms are cultured in-house, monthly reference toxicant testing is sufficient. Reference toxicant tests must be conducted using the same test conditions as the effluent toxicity tests.
  - (ii) If either of the reference toxicant tests or the effluent tests do not meet all test acceptability criteria as specified in the test methods manual, the permittee must re-sample and re-test within 14 days of receipt of the test results.
  - (iii) Control and dilution water must be receiving water or lab water, as appropriate, as described in the manual. If the dilution water used is different from the culture water, a second control, using culture water must also be used. Receiving water may be used as control and dilution water upon notification of EPA and IDEQ. In no case shall water that has not met test acceptability criteria be used for either dilution or control.

#### 4. Reporting

- a) The permittee must submit the results of the toxicity tests with the discharge monitoring reports (DMRs). Results must be reported on the DMRs for the last month of the quarter in which the samples were taken.
  - b) The report of toxicity test results must include all relevant information outlined in Section 10, Report Preparation, of *Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms*, Fourth Edition, EPA/821-R-02-013, October 2002. In addition to toxicity test results, the permittee must report: dates of sample collection and initiation of each test; flow rate at the time of sample collection; and the results of the monitoring required in Part I.B of this permit, for parameters with a required monitoring frequency of once per month or more frequently.
5. Preparation of initial investigation toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) workplan: By January 31, 2017, the permittee must submit to EPA a copy of the permittee's initial investigation TRE workplan. This plan shall describe the steps the permittee intends to follow in the event that chronic toxicity is detected above the applicable effluent limits in Table 1 of this permit, and must include at a minimum:
- a) A description of the investigation and evaluation techniques that would be used to identify potential causes/sources of toxicity, effluent variability, treatment system efficiency;

- b) A description of the facility's method of maximizing in-house treatment efficiency, good housekeeping practices, and a list of all chemicals used in operation of the facility; and
  - c) If a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) is necessary, who will conduct it (i.e., in-house or other).
  - d) The initial investigation TRE workplan must be sent to the following address:
    - US EPA Region 10
    - Attn: NPDES WET Coordinator
    - 1200 Sixth Avenue
    - Suite 900 OWW-191
    - Seattle, WA 98101-3140
6. Accelerated testing: If chronic toxicity is detected above the applicable average monthly limit for whole effluent toxicity in Part I.B or I.C of this permit, the permittee must comply with the following:
- a) The permittee must conduct six more bi-weekly (every two weeks) chronic toxicity tests, over a 12-week period. This accelerated testing shall be initiated within 10 calendar days of receipt of the test results indicating the initial exceedance.
  - b) The permittee must notify EPA of the exceedance in writing at the address in Part I.C.5.d, above, within 5 calendar days of receipt of the test results indicating the exceedance. The notification must include the following information:
    - (i) A status report on any actions required by the permit, with a schedule for actions not yet completed.
    - (ii) A description of any additional actions the permittee has taken or will take to investigate and correct the cause(s) of the toxicity.
    - (iii) Where no actions have been taken, a discussion of the reasons for not taking action.
  - c) If none of the six accelerated chronic toxicity tests required under Part I.C.6.a are above the applicable average monthly limit in Part I.B or I.C of this permit, the permittee may return to the regular chronic toxicity testing cycle specified in Part I.D.2.a.
  - d) If any of the six accelerated chronic toxicity tests required under Part I.C.6.a are above the applicable average monthly limit in Part I.B or I.C of this permit, then the permittee must implement the initial investigation TRE workplan as described in Part I.D.7.
7. Implementation of Initial Investigation TRE Workplan
- a) The permittee must implement the initial investigation TRE workplan within 48 hours of the permittee's receipt of the accelerated toxicity test result demonstrating an exceedance of the applicable average monthly limit in Part I.B or I.C of this permit.



- (i) If implementation of the initial investigation workplan clearly identifies the source of toxicity to the satisfaction of EPA (e.g., a temporary plant upset), the permittee may return to the regular chronic toxicity testing cycle specified in Part I.D.2.a.
- (ii) If implementation of the initial investigation workplan does not clearly identify the source of toxicity to the satisfaction of EPA, then the permittee must begin implementation of further toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) requirements in part I.D.8 below.

#### 8. Detailed TRE/TIE

- a) If implementation of the initial investigation workplan does not clearly identify the source of toxicity to the satisfaction of EPA, then, in accordance with the permittee's initial investigation workplan and EPA manual EPA 833-B-99-002 (*Toxicity Reduction Evaluation Guidance for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants*), the permittee must develop as expeditiously as possible a more detailed TRE workplan, which includes:
  - (i) Further actions to investigate and identify the cause of toxicity;
  - (ii) Actions the permittee will take to mitigate the impact of the discharge and to prevent the recurrence of toxicity; and
  - (iii) A schedule for these actions.
- b) The permittee may initiate a TIE as part of the overall TRE process described in the EPA acute and chronic TIE manuals EPA/600/6-91/005F (Phase I), EPA/600/R-92/080 (Phase II), and EPA-600/R-92/081 (Phase III).
- c) If the detailed TRE/TIE clearly identifies the source of toxicity to the satisfaction of EPA, the permittee may return to the regular chronic toxicity testing cycle specified in Part I.D.2.a.

#### 9. Inconclusive TRE/TIE

- a) If the detailed TRE described in Part I.D.8 is inconclusive, the permittee must conduct six bi-weekly (every two weeks) chronic toxicity tests, over a 12-week period. This accelerated testing shall be initiated within 10 calendar days of completing the detailed TRE/TIE.
- b) If none of the six accelerated chronic toxicity tests required under Part I.D.9.a exceed the applicable average monthly limit in Part I.B or I.C of this permit, the permittee may return to the regular chronic toxicity testing cycle specified in Part I.D.2.a.
- c) If any of the six accelerated chronic toxicity tests required under Part I.D.9.a exceed the applicable chronic toxicity trigger in Part I.D.6 of this permit, then the permittee must repeat the TRE/TIE process described in Part I.D.8.

### **E. Surface Water Monitoring**

The permittee must conduct surface water monitoring. The program must meet the following requirements:

Ceriodaphnia dubia Stock Culture Log

Month/Year: January 2017

Start Date: 1-17-17 End Date:

Board#: 1

Trans. Date	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
1-17 0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1630
1-18 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1200
1-19 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1525
1-20 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1305
1-21 4	✓	1/5	1/4	1/3	1/4	1/6	✓	1/2	1/7	1/6	1245
1-22 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	2/11	✓	1245
1-23 6	1/4	2/13	2/12	2/12	2/11	2/14	1/1	2/13	2/11	2/11	1350
1-24 7	2/15	3/10	3/17	3/6	3/10	3/21	✓	3/9	3/8	✓	1300

Survival > 80%:

yes/no

Average offspring per female > 20:

yes/no

4

Start Date:

End Date:

Board#: 2

Trans. Date	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
1-17 0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1635
1-18 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1205
1-19 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1520
1-20 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1310
1-21 4	✓	✓	1/5	1/6	✓	1/7	✓	1/6	1/7	1/6	1255
1-22 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/3	✓	✓	✓	1255
1-23 6	1/10	1/12	2/14	2/11	1/12	2/14	2/15	2/14	2/11	2/11	1355
1-24 7	2/3	2/8	3/8	3/1	2/10	3/19	✓	3/20	3/22	3/20	1305

Survival > 80%:

yes/no

Average offspring per female > 20:

yes/no

Start Date:

End Date:

Board#: 3

Trans. Date	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
1-17 0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1640
1-18 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1210
1-19 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1515
1-20 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1315
1-21 4	✓	✓	1/3	1/2	1/6	1/6	✓	1/6	1/5	1/4	1305
1-22 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/4	✓	✓	✓	1300
1-23 6	1/3	1/1	2/11	2/11	2/12	2/14	2/19	2/11	2/14	2/14	1400
1-24 7	2/4	✓	3/19	3/18	3/21	3/21	✓	3/18	3/22	3/21	1310

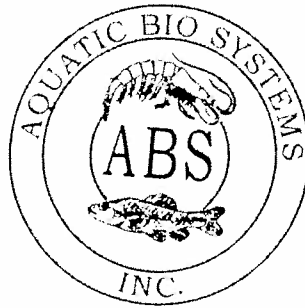
Survival > 80%:

yes/no

Average offspring per female > 20:

yes/no

1300 Blue Spruce Drive, Suite C  
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524



Toll Free: 800/331-5916  
Tel: 970/484-5091 Fax: 970/484-2514

**YTC TOTAL SOLIDS MEASUREMENT**  
(Method from EPA/505/8-89-002a)

YTC Process Date:  
Average Total Solids:

12/28/2016: Best if used by 3/31/2017  
1750 mg/l

Ingredient Lot Numbers

Pines International® Wheat Grass: COCDW12S50; Zeigler Finfish Starter #1 (Lot 10/19/2016); Fleischmanns Yeast: G-3

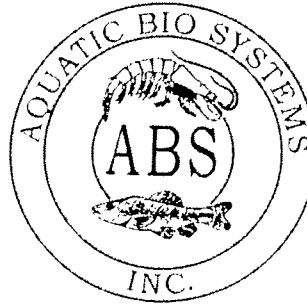
Analyzed Metals	Report Limits	Results (mg/L)
Aluminum	0.03	0.08
Arsenic	0.001	U
Cadmium	0.001	U
Chromium	0.005	U
Copper	0.05	0.033
Iron	0.02	0.24
Lead	0.001	U
Mercury	0.001	U
Nickel	0.005	U
Silver	0.001	U
Zinc	0.01	0.14

**EPA Required Toxic Metals and Pesticide Analyses\***

Compounds	Report Limits	Results (ug/L)
Aldrin	0.5	U
alpha-BHC	0.5	U
beta-BHC	0.5	U
delta-BHC	0.5	U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.5	U
alpha-Chlordane	0.5	U
gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
4,4' - DDD	0.5	U
4,4' - DDE	0.5	U
4,4' - DDT	0.5	U
Dieldrin	0.5	U
Endosulfan I	0.5	U
Endosulfan II	0.5	U
Endosulfan sulfate	0.5	U
Endrin	0.5	U
Endrin aldehyde	0.5	U
Endrin ketone	0.5	U
Heptachlor	0.8	U
Heptachlor epoxide	0.5	U
Methoxychlor	0.5	U
Chlordane (technical)	5.0	U
Toxaphene	25	U
Aroclor-1016	5.0	U
Aroclor-1221	5.0	U
Aroclor-1232	5.0	U
Aroclor-1242	5.0	U
Aroclor-1248	5.0	U
Aroclor-1254	5.0	U
Aroclor-1260	5.0	U
Aroclor-1262	5.0	U
Aroclor-1268	5.0	U

U - Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected.  
\*Testing performed by Energy Labs, Billings, Montana

1300 Blue Spruce Drive, Suite C  
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524



Toll Free: 800/331-5916  
Tel: 970/484-5091 Fax: 970/484-2514

### Algae Preparation History

DATE: 1/16/2017

SPECIES: *Raphidocelis subcapitata*\*

INOCULATION DATE: 1/3/2017

HARVEST DATE: 1/9/2017

CONCENTRATION DATE: 1/11/2017

CELL COUNT (/ml):  $3.0 \times 10^7$  cells/ml

**Comments:**

- \* Formerly known as *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* and *Selenastrum capricornutum*
- \*\* All concentrated algae diluted to proper cell count with reconstituted moderately hard DI water.

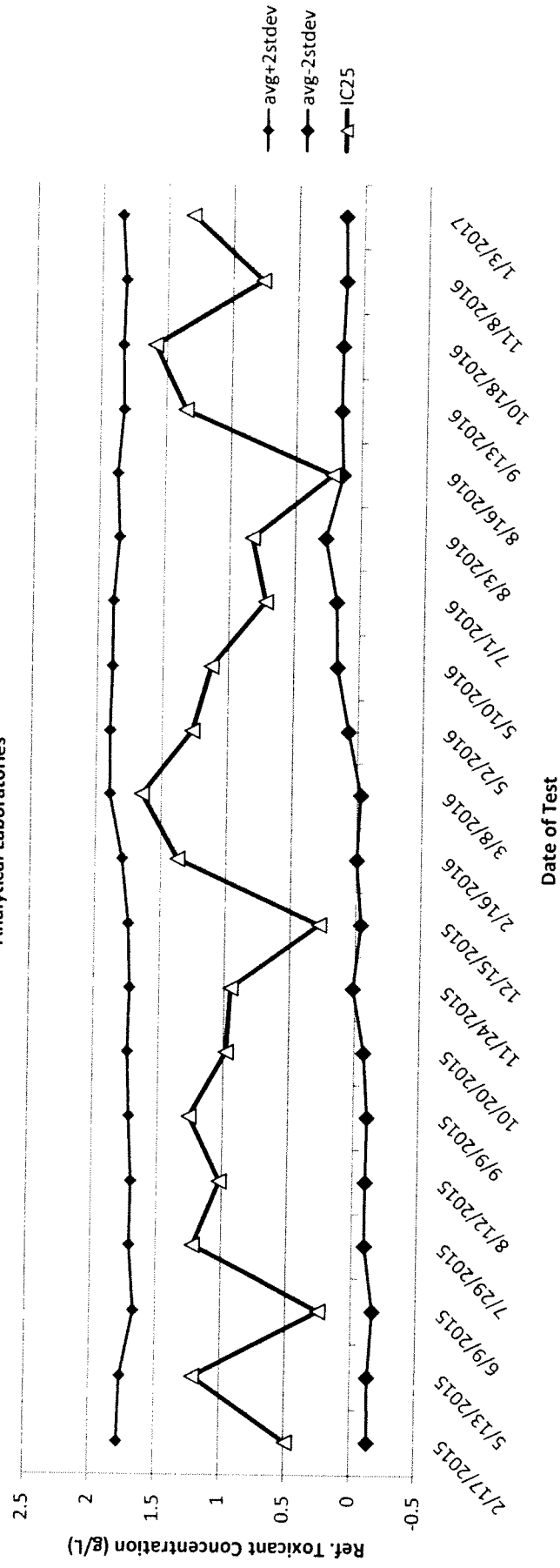
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Supervisor

## Literature Cited

1. Short-Term methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, Fourth Edition. October 2002. EPA-821-R-02-013.
2. Methods for Measuring the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, EPA/600/4-85/013, US EPA.
3. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 19 Edition, 1995, APHA, AWWA, WPCF.
4. Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, EPA/600/4-79/019, US EPA

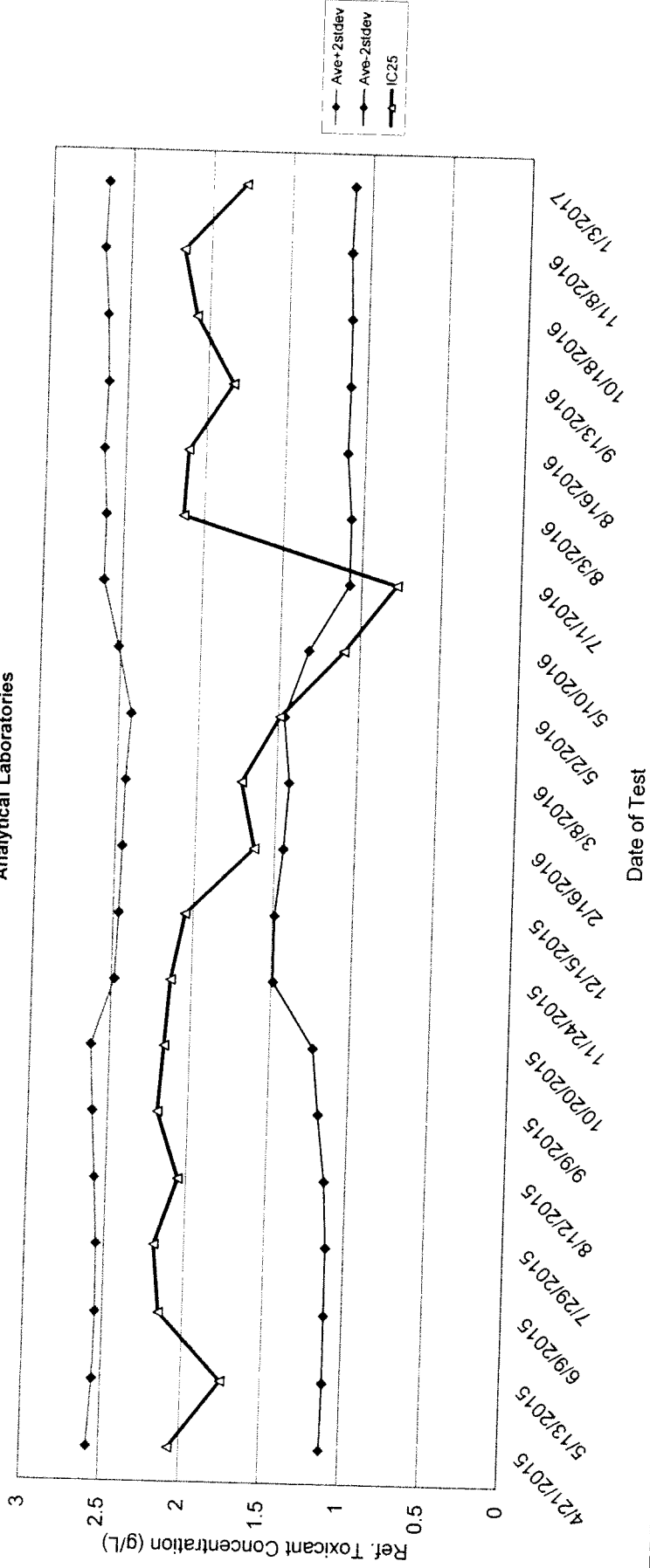
# Ceriodaphnia dubia QC Reproduction Data Prior to January 2017

EPA Method 1002.0  
Reference Toxicant (NaCl)  
Biomonitoring Department  
Analytical Laboratories



# Ceriodaphnia dubia QC Survival Data Prior to January 2017

EPA Method 1002.0  
Reference Toxicant (NaCl)  
Biomonitoring Dept.  
Analytical Laboratories



BENCH SHEET FOR QC CERIODAPHNIA SURVIVAL/REPRODUCTION TEST.

TEST MONTH Dec 2016  
 Test Start Date/Time: 12/13/16

Analyst: WR, CP  
 Test Stop Date/Time: 12/20/16, 1130

Conc.	CONTROL										# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
	Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9						
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.7	xxx	xxx	22.6
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.8	7.6	7.6	7.7	23.0
3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.7	8.0	7.8	22.0
4	1/6	1/9	1/7	1/7	1/4	1/9	1/7	1/9	1/8	1/8	74	<del>7.8</del> 8.0	7.7	7.6	8.0	22.7
5	✓	2/4	✓	2/11	✓	✓	✓	2/16	✓	✓	41	8.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	23.0
6	2/14	✓	2/4	✓	2/15	2/16	2/15	✓	2/15	2/17	106	7.8	<del>7.8</del> 8.1	7.9	8.2	22.3
7	3/20	3/23	3/22	3/19	3/24	3/21	3/17	3/22	✓	3/23	192			7.8	7.8	22.1
Total	40	46	43	37	43	46	39	48	23	48	413					

Conc.	0.50 g/L										# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
	Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9						
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.8	xxx	xxx	22.6
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.9	7.9	7.6	7.9	22.9
3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.9	7.9	7.8	22.5
4	1/6	1/7	1/6	1/8	1/7	1/8	1/7	1/9	✓	1/8	66	<del>7.7</del> 7.8	7.8	7.7	8.1	22.8
5	✓	2/16	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	2/17	1/6	✓	39	7.7	8.1	7.5	8.1	23.2
6	2/15	✓	2/14	2/12	2/13	2/18	2/15	✓	2/12	2/16	115	7.7	8.0	7.6	8.1	22.3
7	3/20	3/23	3/19	3/24	3/21	3/21	3/17	3/22	✓	3/23	190	8.1	8.1	7.8	8.2	22.7
Total	41	46	39	44	41	47	39	48	18	47	410			7.8	8.0	

Conc.	1.25 g/L										# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
	Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9						
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.8	xxx	xxx	22.5
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		7.9	7.8	7.7	7.9	22.9
3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.0	7.8	8.2	7.9	22.7
4	1/7	1/6	1/6	1/5	1/7	1/6	1/6	1/7	0	1/7	57	7.7	7.9	7.7	8.1	22.9
5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	2/15	✓	✓	15	7.7	8.1	7.6	8.2	23.2
6	2/13	2/15	2/12	2/19	2/15	2/11	2/13	✓	2/17	105	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.1	22.4	
7	3/18	3/21	3/18	3/18	3/22	3/17	✓	3/23	✓	3/22	159	8.2	8.2	7.8	8.2	22.9
Total	38	42	36	32	44	34	19	45	0	46	336			7.8	8.1	



BENCH SHEET OC CERIODAPHNIA SURVIVAL/REPRODUCTION TEST.

TEST MONTH Dec 2016

Analyst: WR, CR

Test Start Date/Time: 12/13/16, 1130

Test Stop Date/Time: 12/20/16

Conc. 2.00 g/L

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.9	XXX	XXX	22.6
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	D	✓	✓	D	D	✓		7.9	7.9	7.7	7.9	23.0
3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		8.1	7.9	8.2	7.9	22.6
4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	7.8	8.0	7.7	8.1	22.9
5	1/3	✓	✓	✓	✓	1/2	✓	✓	✓	1/4	5	7.7	8.0	7.8	8.0	23.1
6	2/10	1/3	✓	2/8	✓	2/10	1/1	✓	✓	2/11	43	7.6	8.1	7.6	8.1	22.4
7	✓	2/11	1/6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	17	8.1	8.2	8.0	8.3	23.3
Total	13	14	6	8	0	12	1	0	0	15	69			7.9	8.1	

Conc. 2.75 g/L

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	D	D	✓	✓	D	✓	✓	✓	D	✓		8.1	7.8	XXX	XXX	22.7
2	↓	↓	D	D	D	D	D	✓	D	✓		7.8	7.9	7.7	8.0	23.1
3	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	0	↓	↓		8.0	7.8	8.2	7.9	22.6
4	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓		7.7	7.9			
5	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
6	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
7	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						

Conc. 3.50 g/L

Day-Lab #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	# Young	New D.O.	New pH	Old D.O.	Old pH	Daily Temp
0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
1	D	D	✓	✓	D	D	D	✓	D	D		8.1	7.8	XXX	XXX	22.6
2	↓	↓	D	D	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓		7.8	7.9	7.9	8.0	23.1
3	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	D	↓	↓		8.0	7.8	7.8	7.8	22.5
4	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
5	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
6	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
7	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						

# Summary Sheet

**Facility** Analytical Laboratories  
**Test ID** QC DECEMBER 2016  
**Date** 1/3/2017  
**IWC Conc.**

**Analyst** Will Reynolds  
**Species** Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)  
**Test Type** Chronic Survival

## Input

Number of Organisms Exposed or Counted

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.25</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2.75</u>	<u>3.5</u>
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1

Number of Organisms Surviving or Responding

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.25</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2.75</u>	<u>3.5</u>
1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	0	0
4	1	1	1	1	0	0
5	1	1	1	0	0	0
6	1	1	1	1	0	0
7	1	1	1	1	0	0
8	1	1	1	0	0	0
9	1	1	0	0	0	0
10	1	1	1	1	0	0

Total Organisms	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Responding	10	10	9	7	0	0
% Responding	100.0%	100.0%	90.0%	70.0%	0.0%	0.0%

## Output

# Summary Sheet

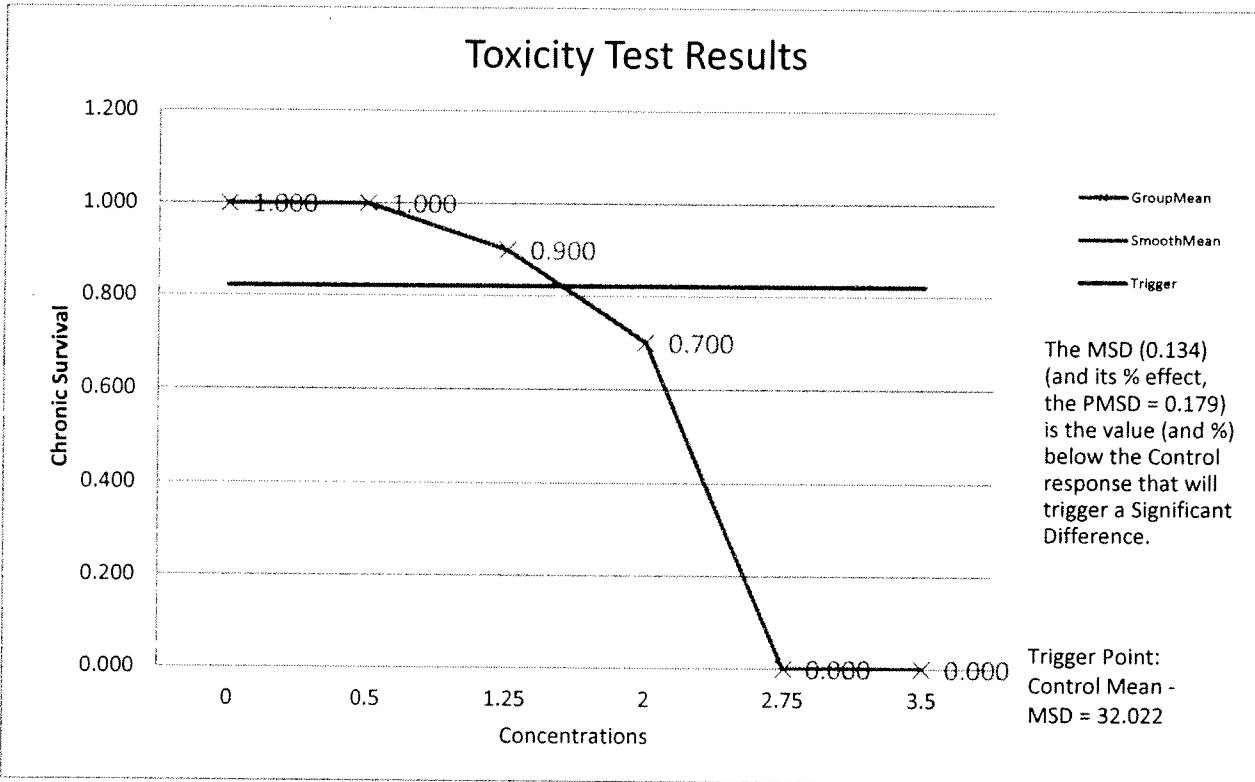
Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Steel test
	0	1.047	0.000	0.000	
Statistics are based on the transformed data used for endpoint calculations	0.5	1.047	0.000	0.000	NS
	1.25	0.995	0.166	0.166	NS
	2	0.890	0.253	0.284	NS
	2.75				Y
	3.5				Y

NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
2	2.75	1.79	1.10	2.11

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC

MSD	PMSD
0.134	17.9%

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.



## NOTICE

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), through its Office of Wastewater Management, funded and managed the development of the whole effluent toxicity (WET) Tool described here. This is a tool that calculates WET test endpoints for the EPA-approved WET test methods and is used by EPA internally for analyzing valid WET test data. Neither the EPA nor any of their employees, assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information or process disclosed. Furthermore, the WET Tool is supplied "as-is" without guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose.

# Summary Sheet

**Facility** Analytical Laboratories  
**Test ID** QC DECEMBER 2016  
**Date** 1/3/2017  
**IWC Conc.**

**Analyst** Will Reynolds  
**Species** Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)  
**Test Type** Reproduction

## Input

Replicate	Concentrations					
	0	0.5	1.25	2	2.75	3.5
1	40	41	38	13	0	0
2	46	46	42	14	0	0
3	43	39	36	6	0	0
4	37	44	32	8	0	0
5	43	41	44	0	0	0
6	46	47	34	12	0	0
7	39	39	19	1	0	0
8	48	48	45	0	0	0
9	23	18	0	0	0	0
10	48	47	46	15	0	0

Mean	41.300	41.000	33.600	6.900	0.000	0.000
Stdev	7.454	8.769	14.269	6.315	0.000	0.000

## Output

Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Steel test
	0	41.300	7.454	0.180	
	0.5	41.000	8.769	0.214	NS
	1.25	33.600	14.269	0.425	NS
	2	6.900	6.315	0.915	Y
	2.75	0.000			Y
	3.5	0.000			Y

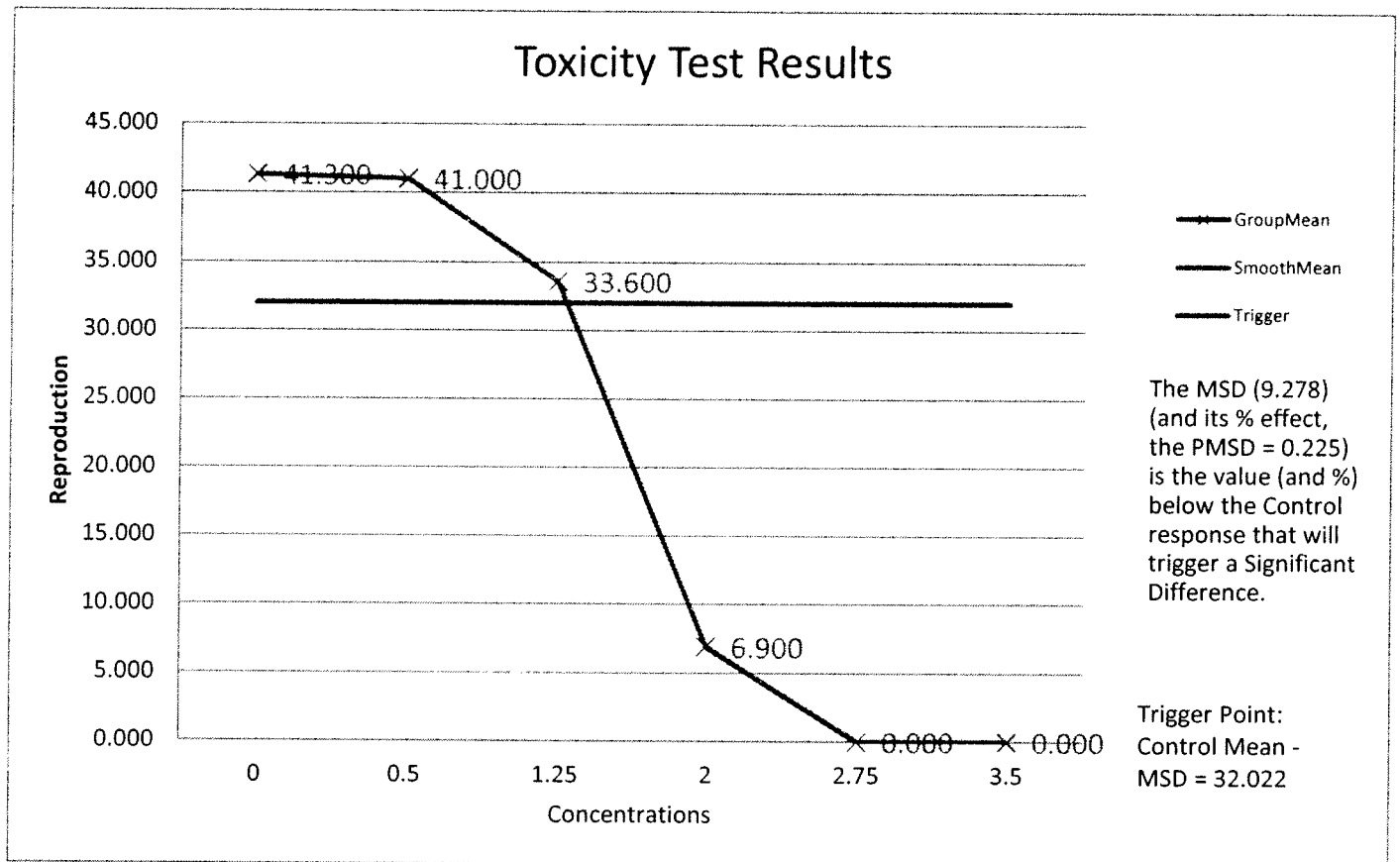
NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
1.25	2	1.31	0.92	1.45

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC

MSD	PMSD
9.278	22.5%

# Summary Sheet

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.

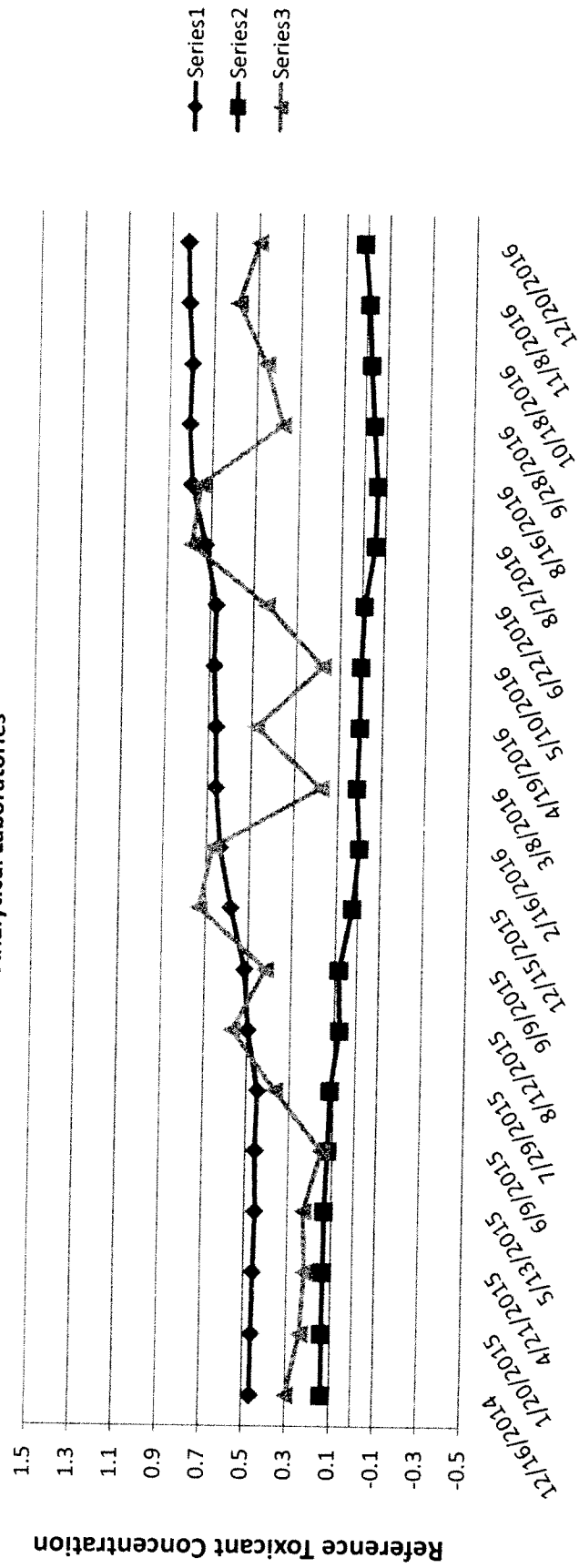


## NOTICE

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), through its Office of Wastewater Management, funded and managed the development of the whole effluent toxicity (WET) Tool described here. This is a tool that calculates WET test endpoints for the EPA-approved WET test methods and is used by EPA internally for analyzing valid WET test data. Neither the EPA nor any of their employees, assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information or process disclosed. Furthermore, the WET Tool is supplied "as-is" without guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose.

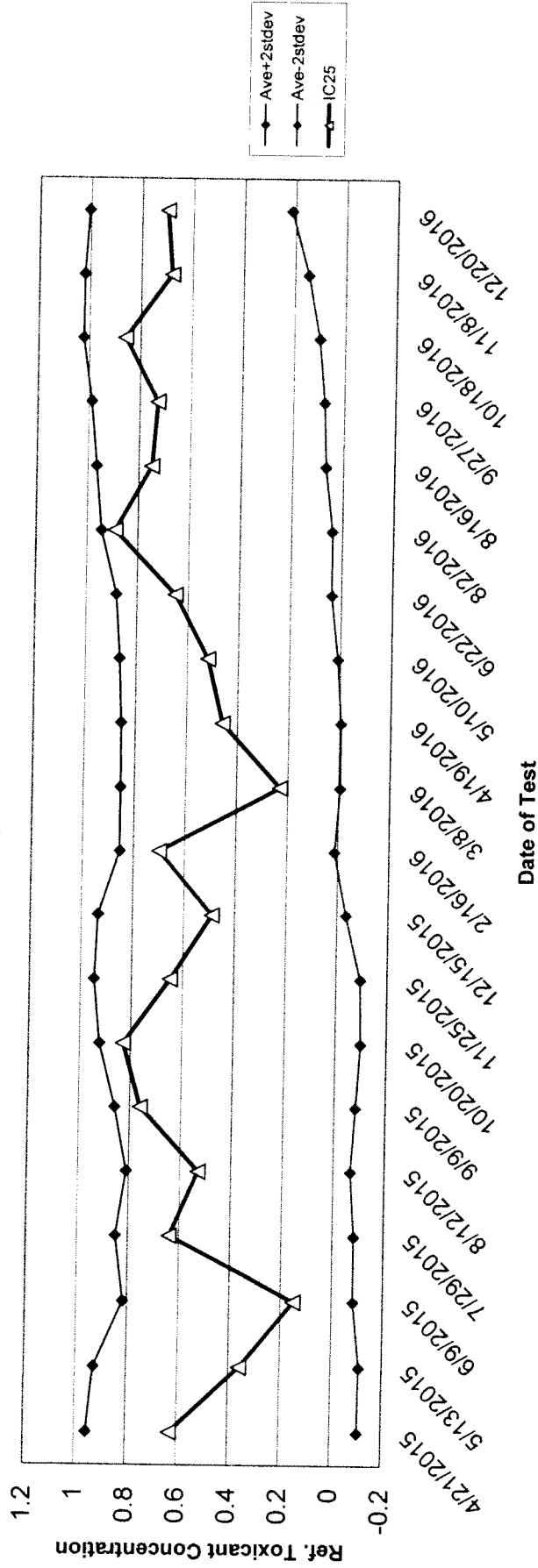
# Pimephales promelas QC Growth Data Prior to January 2017

EPA Method 1000.0  
Reference Toxicant (NaCl)  
Biomonitoring Dept.  
Analytical Laboratories



# Pimephales promelas QC Survival Data Prior to January 2017

EPA Method 1000.0  
Reference Toxicant (NaCl)  
Biomonitoring Dept.  
Analytical Laboratories



Bench Sheet For Fathead Minnow QC Survival Test Method 1000.0

Test Month/Year: Dec 2016  
 Test Start Date/Time: 12/13/16

Analyst: WR/CP  
 Test Stop Date/Time: 12/20/16

Reference Toxicant Used: Sodium Chloride

Day		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Remarks
Conc:	Beaker#									
Control	1	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	
	2	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	
	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	
	4	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	
New DO	XXX	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.6	8.0	8.5	XXX	
New pH	XXX	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.9	7.9	7.7	8.1	XXX	
Temp	XXX	24.0	23.2	22.7	22.9	22.5	22.7	22.3	22.1	XXX
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.5	6.3	6.1	5.9	7.0	6.9	7.5	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.8	7.6	7.6	
Conc: 0.25g/L	1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	
	2	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	8	
	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	
	4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
New DO	XXX	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.6	8.0	8.5	XXX	
New pH	XXX	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.9	8.2	7.9	7.9	XXX	
Temp	XXX	23.6	23.2	22.9	22.7	22.6	23.2	22.9	XXX	
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.6	6.9	7.4	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.8	7.6	7.4	
Conc: 1.5g/L	1	10	10	10	10	9	7	6	5	
	2	10	10	10	10	9	8	6	4	
	3	10	10	10	10	9	8	6	4	
	4	10	10	10	10	9	7	6	5	
New DO	XXX	7.7	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.6	8.0	8.5	XXX	
New pH	XXX	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.9	8.1	7.9	8.0	XXX	
Temp	XXX	23.9	23.2	22.7	23.2	22.7	23.0	23.1	XXX	
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.6	6.7	6.2	6.2	6.8	7.0	7.6	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	
Conc: 2.5g/L	1	10	10	10	10	9	8	7	6	
	2	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	4	
	3	10	10	10	10	10	7	8	4	
	4	10	10	10	10	8	6	4	4	
New DO	XXX	7.7	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.6	8.0	8.5	XXX	
New pH	XXX	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.0	XXX	
Temp	XXX	23.5	23.2	22.5	23.7	22.9	22.8	23.0	XXX	
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.6	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	
Conc: 3.5g/L	1	10	10	10	10	10	8	4	4	
	2	10	10	10	10	9	9	6	4	
	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	6	
	4	10	10	10	9	8	8	5	2	
New DO	XXX	7.7	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.6	8.2	8.5	XXX	
New pH	XXX	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.0	XXX	
Temp	XXX	23.5	23.3	22.8	23.8	23.0	22.8	22.8	XXX	
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.3	7.0	7.1	7.5	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.6	
Conc: 8.5g/L	1	10	10	9	3	3	3	3	2	
	2	10	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	
	3	10	10	3	2	1	0	0	0	
	4	10	10	4	1	0	0	0	0	
New DO	XXX	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.8	7.6	8.2	8.6	XXX	
New pH	XXX	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.8	8.0	7.9	7.9	XXX	
Temp	XXX	23.6	23.4	23.3	23.1	22.8	22.7	22.7	XXX	
Old DO	XXX	XXX	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.4	7.2	
Old pH	XXX	XXX	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	
Feeding	A.M.	XXX	CP	WR	CP	CP	WR	WR	XXX	
	P.M.	WR	WR	WR	CP	CP	WR	WR	XXX	



# Summary Sheet

<b>Facility</b>	Analytical Laboratories	<b>Analyst</b>	Will Reynolds
<b>Test ID</b>	QC DECEMBER 2016	<b>Species</b>	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
<b>Date</b>	12/20/2016	<b>Test Type</b>	Chronic Survival
<b>IWC Conc.</b>			

## Input

Number of Organisms Exposed or Counted

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>8.5</u>
1	10	10	10	10	10	10
2	10	10	10	10	10	10
3	10	10	10	10	10	10
4	10	10	10	10	10	10

Number of Organisms Surviving or Responding

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>8.5</u>
1	9	8	2	6	4	2
2	9	9	4	4	4	0
3	10	9	4	6	6	0
4	9	10	5	4	2	0

Total Organisms	40	40	40	40	40	40
Total Responding	37	36	15	20	16	2
% Responding	92.5%	90.0%	37.5%	50.0%	40.0%	5.0%

## Output

# Summary Sheet

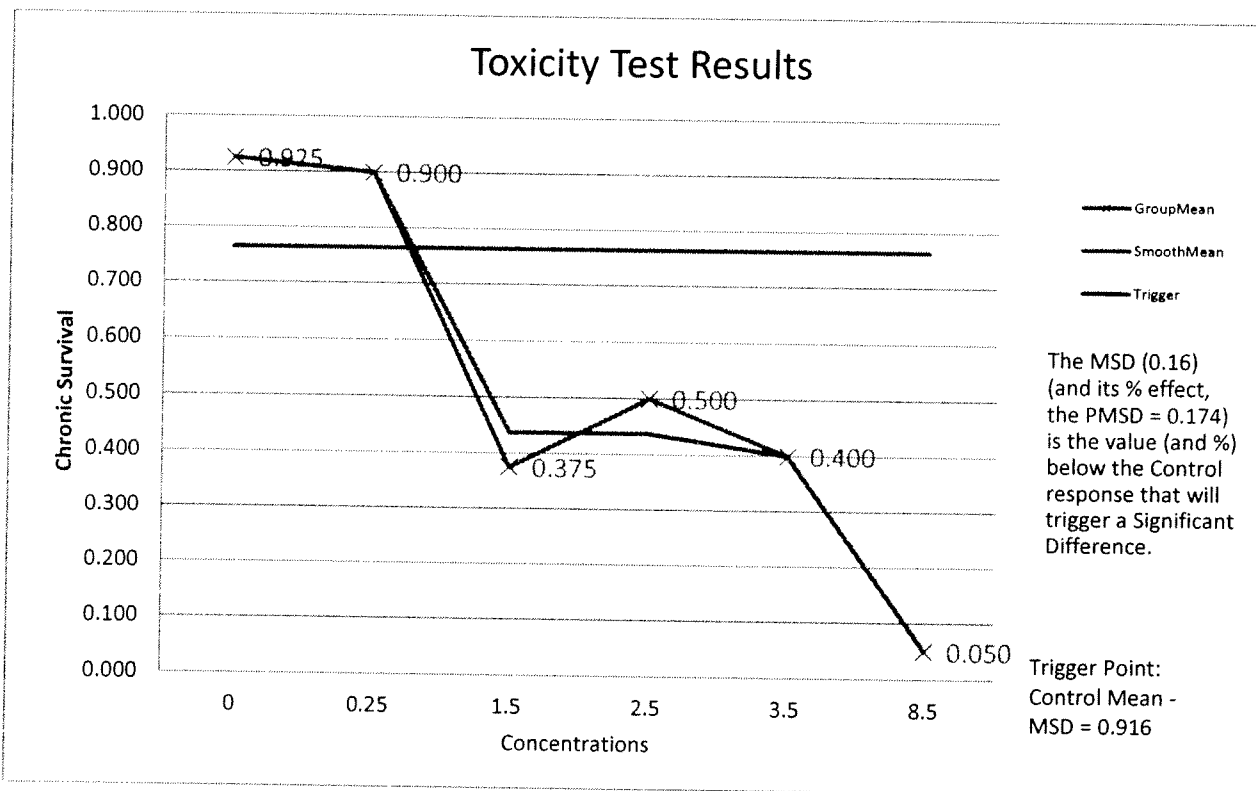
Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Dunnett test
	0	1.290	0.081	0.063	
Statistics are based on the transformed data used for endpoint calculations	0.25	1.254	0.125	0.099	NS
	1.5	0.655	0.136	0.208	Y
	2.5	0.785	0.116	0.148	Y
	3.5	0.680	0.173	0.254	Y
	8.5	0.235	0.152	0.649	Y

NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
0.25	1.5	0.70	0.53	0.81

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC

MSD	PMSD
0.160	17.4%

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.



**NOTICE**

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**BENCH SHEET FOR FATHEAD MINNOW INITIAL WEIGHT DATA QC EPA METHOD 1000.0**

Month/Year: Dec 2016 Test Start Date: 12/13/16 Drying Temp: 100°C

Weighing Date: 12/14/16 Test End Date: 12/20/16 Drying Time: 23hrs

Location/Client: QC

	Rep No.	Weight of Boat (g)	Boat and	Dry	No. of Larvae	Mean Dry	Average
			Dry Larvae (g)	Weight of Larvae (g)		Weight of Larvae (mg)	
Initial	I1	1.2878	1.2892	.0014	10	.14	0.13mg
	I2	1.2924	1.2936	.0012	↓	.12	
	I3	1.2913	1.2925	.0012	↓	.12	
	I4	1.2920	1.2934	.0014	↓	.14	

Reviewed By: SC

**Fathead Minnow QC Weight Data**

Analyst: WR Test Month/Year: Dec 2016 Drying Temp: 100°C  
 Weighing Date: 12/21/16 Drying Time: 23 hrs

Conc.	Rep No.	Weight of Boat (g)	Boat and Dry Larvae (g)	Dry Weight of Larvae (g)	No. of Larvae	Mean Dry Weight of Larvae (mg)	Avg.-Init. = Avg. Wt. Gain (mg)
CONTROL	1	1.2810	1.2859	.0049	10	.49	
	2	1.2785	1.2829	.0044		.44	0.44mg - 0.13mg = 0.31mg
	3	1.2770	1.2814	.0044		.44	
	4	1.2711	1.2751	.0040		.40	
0.25g/L	x5	1.2953	1.2993	.0040		.40	
	x6	1.2652	1.2687	.0035		.35	0.40mg - 0.13mg = 0.27mg
	x7	1.2972	1.2913	.0041		.41	
	x8	1.2892	1.2936	.0044		.44	
1.5g/L	x9	1.2910	1.2922	.0012		.12	
	x10	1.2968	1.2977	.0009		.09	0.11mg - 0.13mg = -0.02mg
	x11	1.2979	1.2982	.0009		.09	
	x12	1.2872	1.2886	.0014		.14	
2.5g/L	x13	1.2952	1.2973	.0021		.21	
	x14	1.2981	1.2993	.0012		.12	0.18mg - 0.13mg = 0.05mg
	x15	1.2911	1.2931	.0020		.20	
	x16	1.2868	1.2887	.0019		.19	
3.5g/L	x17	1.2929	1.2943	.0014		.14	
	x18	1.2988	1.3008	.0020		.20	0.12mg - 0.13mg = -0.01mg
	x19	1.2942	1.2954	.0012		.12	
	x20	1.2896	1.2899	.0003		.03	
8.5g/L	x21	1.2917	1.2977 <sup>35</sup>	.0008		.08	0.08mg - 0.13mg = -0.05mg
	x22	1.2952	—	—		—	—
	x23	1.2985	—	—		—	—
	x24	1.2985	—	—		—	—

Reviewed By: SC

# Summary Sheet

**Facility** Analytical Laboratories  
**Test ID** QC DECEMBER 2016  
**Date** 12/20/2016  
**IWC Conc.**

**Analyst** Will Reynolds  
**Species** Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
**Test Type** Growth

## Input

Replicate	Concentrations					
	0	0.25	1.5	2.5	3.5	8.5
1	0.49	0.4	0.12	0.21	0.14	0.08
2	0.44	0.35	0.09	0.12	0.2	0
3	0.44	0.41	0.09	0.2	0.12	0
4	0.4	0.44	0.14	0.19	0.03	0

Mean	0.443	0.400	0.110	0.180	0.123	0.020
Stdev	0.037	0.037	0.024	0.041	0.070	0.040

## Output

Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Dunnett test
	0	0.443	0.037	0.083	
	0.25	0.400	0.037	0.094	NS
	1.5	0.110	0.024	0.223	Y
	2.5	0.180	0.041	0.227	Y
	3.5	0.123	0.070	0.575	Y
	8.5	0.020	0.040	2.000	Y

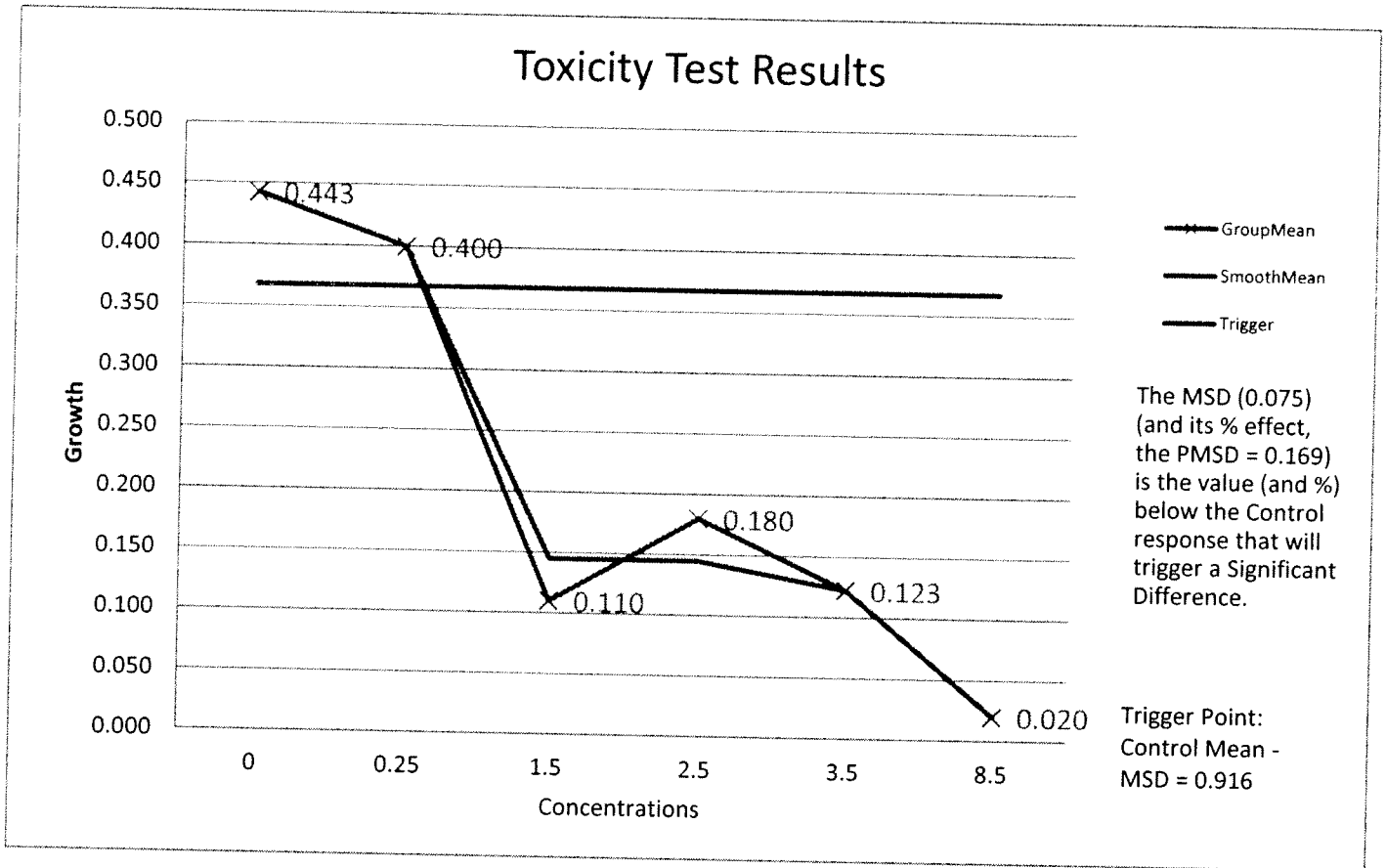
NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
0.25	1.5	0.50	0.39	0.63

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC
-----	--------------------	---------------	--------------------------

MSD	PMSD
0.075	16.9%

# Summary Sheet

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.



## NOTICE

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# Summary Sheet

<b>Facility</b>	Analytical Laboratories	<b>Analyst</b>	Will Reynolds
<b>Test ID</b>	QC DECEMBER 2016	<b>Species</b>	Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)
<b>Date</b>	12/20/2016	<b>Test Type</b>	Growth
<b>IWC Conc.</b>			

## Input

Replicate	Concentrations					
	0	0.5	1.5	5.5	8.5	10
1	0.056	0.062	0.05	0.057	0.048	0.045
2	0.051	0.054	0.05	0.061	0.046	0.051
3	0.055	0.053	0.05	0.064	0.047	0.047
4	0.05	0.052	0.052	0.061	0.044	0.049

Mean	0.053	0.055	0.051	0.061	0.046	0.048
Stdev	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.003

## Output

Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Dunnett test
	0	0.053	0.003	0.056	
	0.5	0.055	0.005	0.083	NS
	1.5	0.051	0.001	0.020	NS
	5.5	0.061	0.003	0.047	NS
	8.5	0.046	0.002	0.037	Y
	10	0.048	0.003	0.054	Y

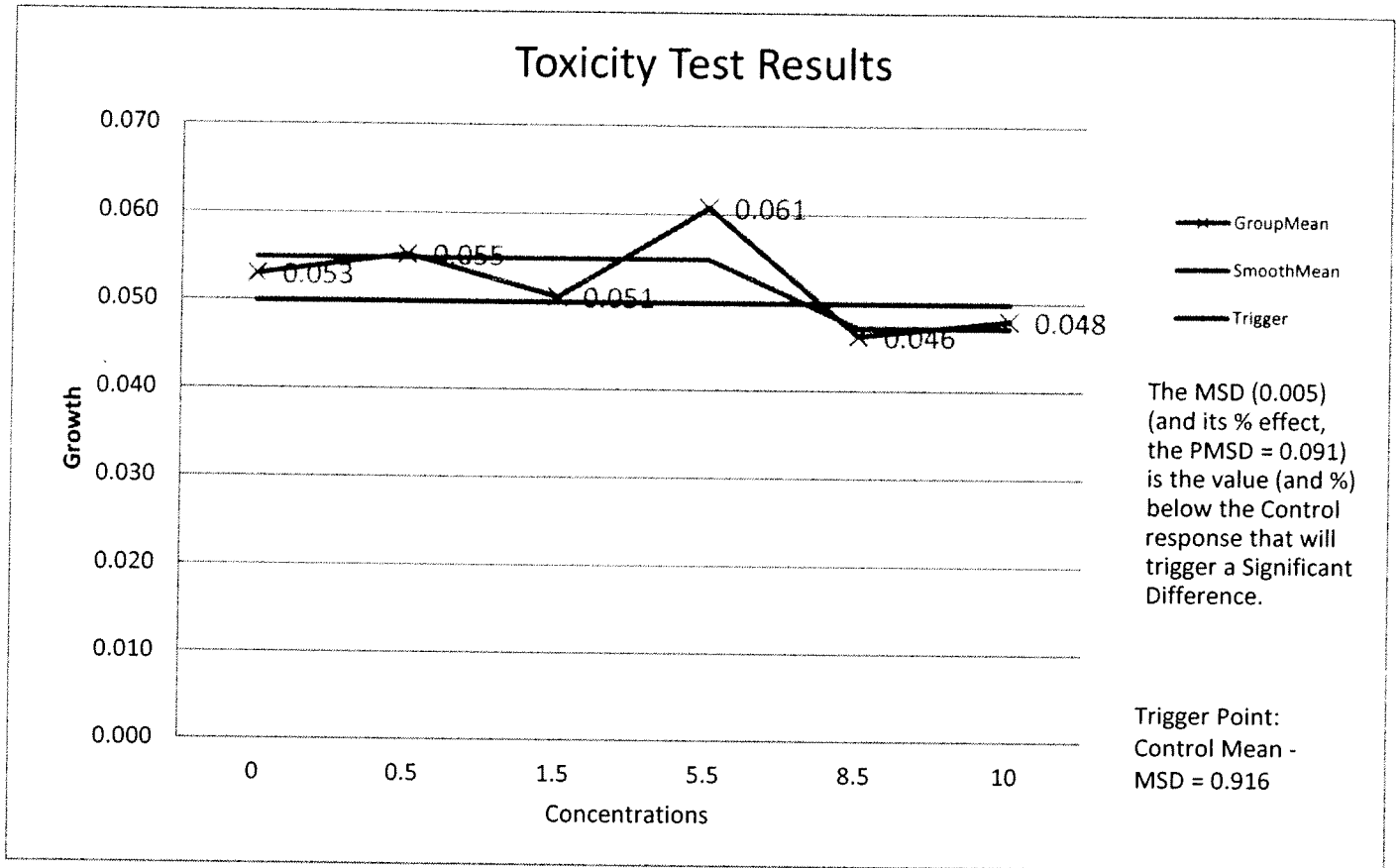
NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
5.5	8.5	>10	N/A	N/A

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC

MSD	PMSD
0.005	9.1%

# Summary Sheet

Note - For statistical tests, "NS" indicates that the concentration is not statistically different from the control, while "Y" indicates that the concentration is statistically different from the control.



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**BENCH SHEET FOR *S. capricornutum* ALGAL QC GROWTH TEST**

**EPA TEST METHOD 1003.0**

TEST MONTH/YEAR# Dec 2016 ANALYST WR FINAL REPORT REVIEW: SL  
 TEST START DATE/TIME: 12/11/16, 1200  
 TEST END DATE/TIME: 12/15/16, 1600

**Initial Algae Count (cells/mL)**

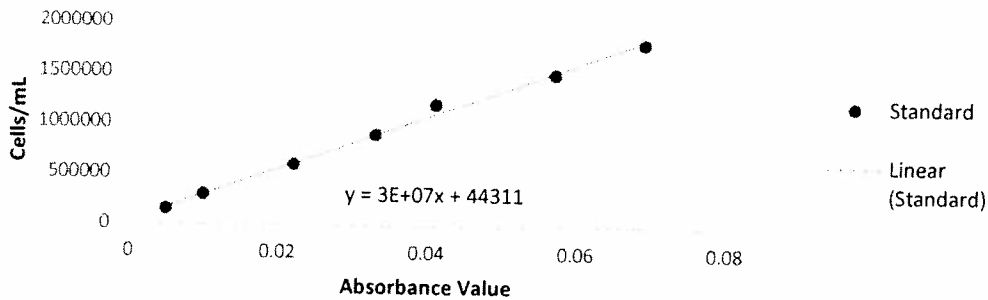
	Random Sample #1	Random Sample #2	Random Sample #3	Random Sample #4	Initial Average
	Absorbance Value: <u>.020</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.022</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.022</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.022</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.022</u> Cells/mL: <u>0.689</u>

**Final Algae Count (cells/mL)**

CONCENTRATION	Rep. 1	Rep. 2	Rep. 3	Rep. 4	Average
<b>CONTROL</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.056</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.051</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.055</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.050</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.053</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.63</u>
<b>0.5</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.062</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.054</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.053</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.052</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.055</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.70</u>
<b>1.5</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.050</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.050</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.050</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.052</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.051</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.56</u>
<b>5.5</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.057</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.061</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.064</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.061</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.058</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.79</u>
<b>8.5</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.048</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.046</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.047</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.044</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.046</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.43</u>
<b>10</b>	Absorbance Value: <u>.045</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.051</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.047</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.049</u>	Absorbance Value: <u>.048</u> Cells/mL: <u>1.48</u>

\*Absorbance values (AV) obtained from Spectronic 601 spectrophotometer are used to determine cells/mL based on a standardized linear relationship  $((3 \times 10^7)(AV) + 44311)$ .

*Selenastrum capricornutum* Conversion Chart



**BENCH SHEET FOR *S. capicornutum* ALGAL QC GROWTH TEST.  
EPA METHOD 1003.0**

Test Month/Year Dec 2016 Analyst: WR/CP Final Report Review: SC  
 Test Start Date/Time: 12/11/16, 1200  
 Test Stop Date/Time: 12/15/16, 1600

**Daily pH and Temp.**

CONCENTRATION	Day 0		Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Comments
	pH	Temp	pH	Temp	pH	Temp	pH	Temp	pH	Temp	
Control	8.3	24.8	9.6	23.7	10.8	24.3	11.0	24.0	10.8	24.5	
0.50 g/L	8.2	24.5	9.9	23.8	10.7	24.2	10.9	24.1	11.0	24.9	
1.5 g/L	8.3	24.2	10.0	24.0	10.7	24.3	10.9	23.9	10.9	25.0	
5.5 g/L	8.3	23.8	9.8	24.2	10.3	24.3	10.5	23.9	10.4	24.8	
8.5 g/L	8.3	23.5	9.7	24.4	10.0	24.6	10.0	23.8	9.9	24.8	
10 g/L	8.3	23.4	9.6	23.4	10.0	24.3	10.1	24.0	10.1	25.8	

# Summary Sheet

<b>Facility</b>	Analytical Laboratories	<b>Analyst</b>	Will Reynolds
<b>Test ID</b>	QC DECEMBER 2016	<b>Species</b>	Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)
<b>Date</b>	1/3/2017	<b>Test Type</b>	Growth
<b>IWC Conc.</b>			

## Input

Replicate	Concentrations					
	<u>0</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>10</u>
1	0.056	0.062	0.05	0.057	0.048	0.045
2	0.051	0.054	0.05	0.061	0.046	0.051
3	0.055	0.053	0.05	0.054	0.047	0.047
4	0.05	0.052	0.052	0.061	0.044	0.049

Mean	0.053	0.055	0.051	0.058	0.046	0.048
Stdev	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.003

## Output

Statistical Data	Conc.	Mean	Stdev	CV	Dunnett test
	0	0.053	0.003	0.056	
	0.5	0.055	0.005	0.083	NS
	1.5	0.051	0.001	0.020	NS
	5.5	0.058	0.003	0.058	NS
	8.5	0.046	0.002	0.037	Y
	10	0.048	0.003	0.054	NS

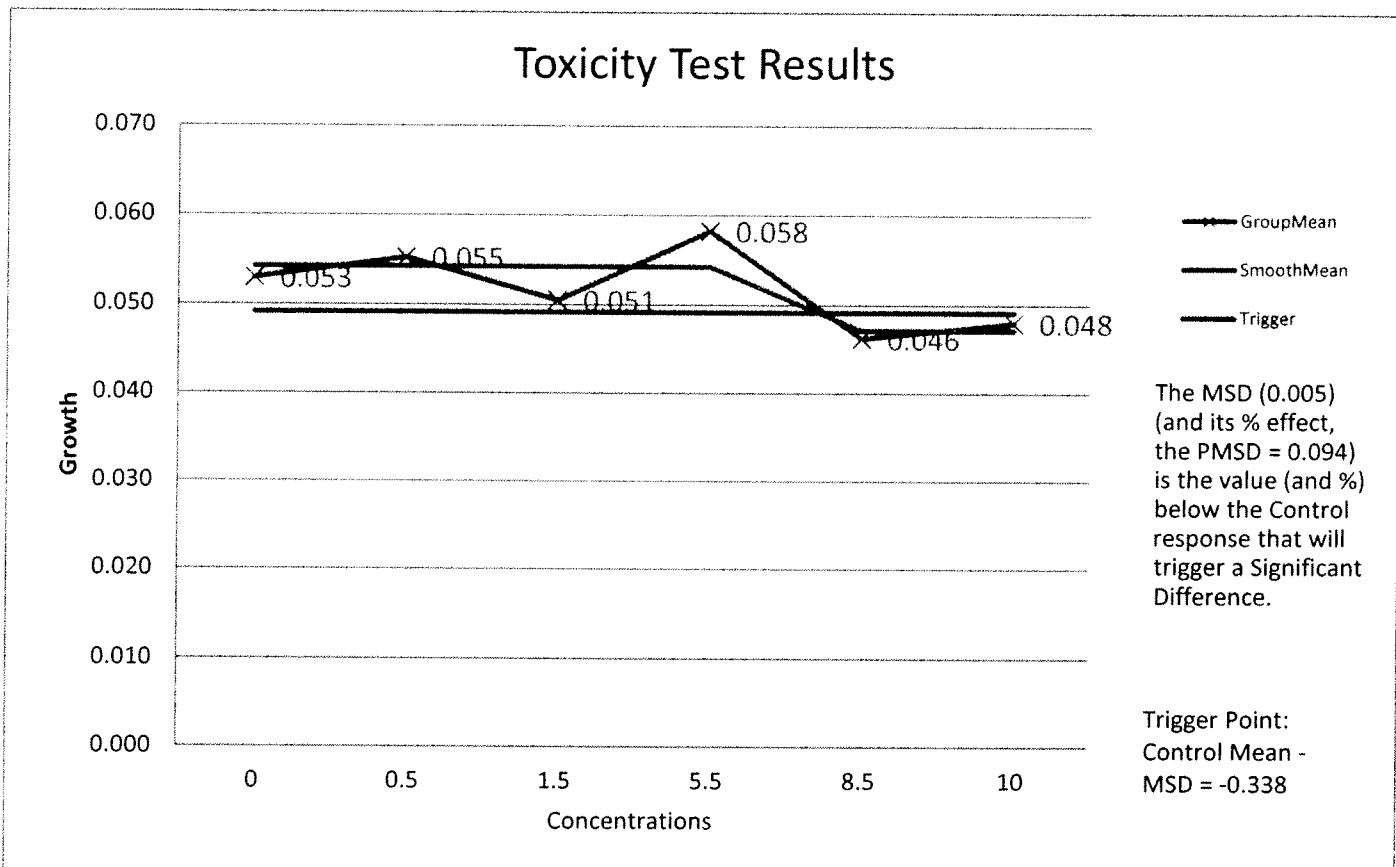
NOEC	LOEC	IC25	95% Confidence Intervals	
10	>10	>10	N/A	N/A

TST	Calculated t-value	Table t-value	Relative % Effect at IWC

MSD	PMSD
0.005	9.4%

# Summary Sheet

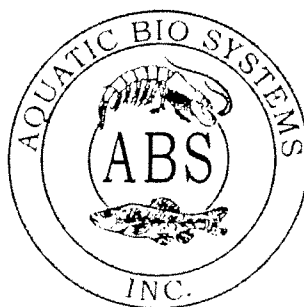
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1300 Blue Spruce Drive, Suite C  
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524



Toll Free: 800/331-5916  
Tel: 970/484-5091 Fax: 970/484-2514

**YTC TOTAL SOLIDS MEASUREMENT**  
(Method from EPA/505/8-89-002a)

YTC Process Date: 12/21/2016; Best if used by 3/31/2017  
Average Total Solids: 1710 mg/l

Ingredient Lot Numbers

Pines International® Wheat Grass: COCDW12S50; Zeigler Finfish Starter #1 (Lot 10/19/2016); Fleischmanns Yeast: G-3

**EPA Required Toxic Metals and Pesticide Analyses\***

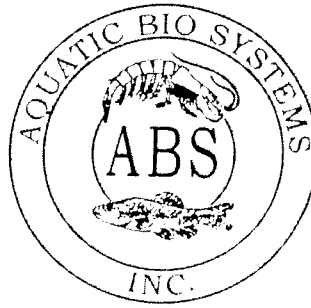
Analyzed Metals	Report Limits	Results (mg/L)
Aluminum	0.03	0.08
Arsenic	0.001	U
Cadmium	0.001	U
Chromium	0.005	U
Copper	0.05	0.033
Iron	0.02	0.24
Lead	0.001	U
Mercury	0.001	U
Nickel	0.005	U
Silver	0.001	U
Zinc	0.01	0.14

Compounds	Report Limits	Results (ug/L)
Aldrin	0.5	U
alpha-BHC	0.5	U
beta-BHC	0.5	U
delta-BHC	0.5	U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.5	U
alpha-Chlordane	0.5	U
gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
4,4' - DDD	0.5	U
4,4' - DDE	0.5	U
4,4' - DDT	0.5	U
Dieldrin	0.5	U
Endosulfan I	0.5	U
Endosulfan II	0.5	U
Endosulfan sulfate	0.5	U
Endrin	0.5	U
Endrin aldehyde	0.5	U
Endrin ketone	0.5	U
Heptachlor	0.8	U
Heptachlor epoxide	0.5	U
Methoxychlor	0.5	U
Chlordane (technical)	5.0	U
Toxaphene	25	U
Aroclor-1016	5.0	U
Aroclor-1221	5.0	U
Aroclor-1232	5.0	U
Aroclor-1242	5.0	U
Aroclor-1248	5.0	U
Aroclor-1254	5.0	U
Aroclor-1260	5.0	U
Aroclor-1262	5.0	U
Aroclor-1268	5.0	U

U – Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected.

\*Testing performed by Energy Labs, Billings, Montana

1300 Blue Spruce Drive, Suite C  
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524



Toll Free: 800/331-5916  
Tel: 970/484-5091 Fax: 970/484-2514

## Algae Preparation History

DATE: 12/27/2016

SPECIES: *Raphidocelis subcapitata*\*

INOCULATION DATE: 12/13/2016

HARVEST DATE: 12/19/2016

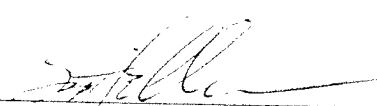
CONCENTRATION DATE: 12/21/2016

CELL COUNT (ml):  $3.0 \times 10^7$  cells/ml

**Comments:**

\* Formerly known as *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* and *Selenastrum capricornutum*

\*\* All concentrated algae diluted to proper cell count with reconstituted moderately hard DI water.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Supervisor

Ceriodaphnia dubia Stock Culture Log

Month/Year: December/2016

Start Date: 12/21 End Date: Board#: (

Trans.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
12/21 <sup>0</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0930
12/22 <sup>1</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1500
12/23 <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1130
12/24 <sup>3</sup>	1/1	✓	2D 1/2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1400
12/26 <sup>4</sup>	2/7	1/5	2/4	1/2	1/5	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1235
12/27 <sup>5</sup>	3/16	2/10	3/15	2/10	2/6	2/11	2/7	2/11	2/7	2/7	1130
12/28 <sup>6</sup>	✓	3/14	✓	✓	3/12	✓	✓	✓	3/13	✓	1215
12/29 <sup>7</sup>	4/13	✓	4/15	3/9	✓	3/8	3/15	3/11	✓	3/17	1230

Survival > 80%: 4 yes/no Average offspring per female > 20: yes/no

Start Date: End Date: Board#: 2

Trans.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
12/21 <sup>0</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0935
12/22 <sup>1</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1505
12/23 <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1135
12/24 <sup>3</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1405
12/26 <sup>4</sup>	1/3	1/4	1/4	1/3	1/3	1/2	1/3	1/3	1/1	1/3	1240
12/27 <sup>5</sup>	2/11	2/6	2/12	2/9	2/13	2/6	2/9	2/13	2/12	2/13	1135
12/28 <sup>6</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3/1	3/16	✓	✓	1220
12/29 <sup>7</sup>	3/14	3/11	3/15	3/14	3/13	3/15	3/2	✓	3/9	3/17	1235

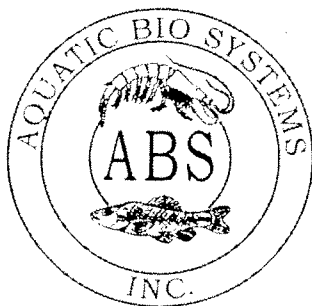
Survival > 80%: yes/no Average offspring per female > 20: yes/no

Start Date: End Date: Board#: 3

Trans.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Time
12/21 <sup>0</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0940
12/22 <sup>1</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1510
12/23 <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1140
12/24 <sup>3</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1410
12/26 <sup>4</sup>	1/8	1/4	1/2	1/14	1/7	1/3	1/1	1/5	1/4	1/5	1245
12/27 <sup>5</sup>	✓	2/12	2/11	2/11	2/9	2/7	2/8	2/6	2/12	2/12	1140
12/28 <sup>6</sup>	2/15	✓	✓	3/14	✓	✓	3/13	3/13	✓	✓	1225
12/29 <sup>7</sup>	3/14	3/11	3/12	✓	3/10	3/14	✓	✓	3/8	3/18	1240

Survival > 80%: yes/no Average offspring per female > 20: yes/no

1300 Blue Spruce Drive, Suite C  
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524



Toll Free: 800/331-5916  
Tel: 970/484-5091 Fax: 970/484-2514

## Algae Preparation History

DATE: 12/5/2016

SPECIES: *Raphidocelis subcapitata*\*

INOCULATION DATE: 11/16/2016

HARVEST DATE: 11/21/2016

CONCENTRATION DATE: 11/23/2016

CELL COUNT (/ml):  $3.0 \times 10^7$  cells/ml

**Comments:**

\* Formerly known as *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* and *Selenastrum capricornutum*

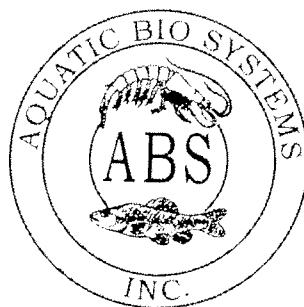
\*\* All concentrated algae diluted to proper cell count with reconstituted moderately hard DI water.



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Supervisor



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**YTC TOTAL SOLIDS MEASUREMENT**  
(Method from EPA/505/8-89-002a)

YTC Process Date: 11/30/2016; Best if used by 2/28/2017  
Average Total Solids: 1750 mg/l

Ingredient Lot Numbers

Pines International® Wheat Grass: COCDW12S50; Zeigler Finfish Starter #1 (Lot 06/05/2016); Fleischmanns Yeast: G-3

Analyzed Metals	Report Limits	Results (mg/L)
Aluminum	0.03	0.09
Arsenic	0.001	U
Cadmium	0.001	U
Chromium	0.005	U
Copper	0.005	0.046
Iron	0.02	0.26
Lead	0.001	U
Mercury	0.001	U
Nickel	0.005	U
Silver	0.001	U
Zinc	0.01	0.15

**EPA Required Toxic Metals and Pesticide Analyses\***

Compounds	Report Limits	Results (ug/L)
Aldrin	0.5	U
alpha-BHC	0.5	U
beta-BHC	0.5	U
delta-BHC	0.5	U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.5	U
alpha-Chlordane	0.5	U
gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
4,4' - DDD	0.5	U
4,4' - DDE	0.5	U
4,4' - DDT	0.5	U
Dieldrin	0.5	U
Endosulfan I	0.5	U
Endosulfan II	0.5	U
Endosulfan sulfate	0.5	U
Endrin	0.5	U
Endrin aldehyde	0.5	U
Endrin ketone	0.5	U
Heptachlor	0.8	U
Heptachlor epoxide	0.5	U
Methozechlor	0.5	U
Chlordane (technical)	5.0	U
Toxaphene	25	U
Aroclor-1016	5.0	U
Aroclor-1221	5.0	U
Aroclor-1232	5.0	U
Aroclor-1242	5.0	U
Aroclor-1248	5.0	U
Aroclor-1254	5.0	U
Aroclor-1260	5.0	U
Aroclor-1262	5.0	U
Aroclor-1268	5.0	U

U - Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected.

\*Testing performed by Energy Labs, Billings, Montana